The Sydney Morning Herald.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
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STEAM TO PORT MACQUARIE
LAST TRIP FOR THE SEASON.

THE steam-packet MAITLAND, William Parsons, Commander, will sail THIS DAY, the 8th March, at 6 P.M., *being her last trip to the above port for the season.*
JAS. PATERSON, Secretary.
H. R. S. N. Company's Wharf. 4219

STEAMER TO CLARENCE RIVER.

THE STEAM-SHIP PHŒNIX, will leave for the above district, This Day, Wednesday, the 8th instant, at 8 P.M.
Kellick's Wharf, March 8. 4067

FOR TWOFOLD BAY AND PAMBULA.

THE fast sailing schooner ELIZABETH, (formerly Lady Mary Fitz Roy), will sail for the above ports on Saturday, the 11th instant. For freight or passage apply on board, at Walker's Wharf.
ABRAHAM BARTER, Master.
4103

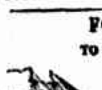
FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

THE SCHOONER JOHN PIRIE, 160 tons burthen, M'Veigh, Master, will clear at the Customs for the above on Thursday, the 9th instant. For freight or passage apply on board, at the Albion Wharf; or to
JAMES COOK.
Circular Wharf, March 7. 4184

FOR MELBOURNE.

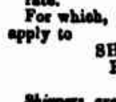
THE favourite clipper schooner PHŒBE, Captain George Bennett, sails To-morrow night. For passage only, (having very superior accommodation), apply to
SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 470, George-street,
3931

FOR MELBOURNE, TO FOLLOW THE PHOEBE,



THE favourite clipper schooner THETIS, Captain Collings. For freight or passage, (having superior accommodation) apply to
SHEPPARD AND ALGER.
Packet Office, 470, George-street. 4111

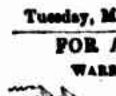
ONLY VESSEL FOR ADELAIDE.



THE well-known packet brig EMMA, Captain Osborn, sails the first fair wind, and offers an excellent opportunity to parties proceeding to South Australia.
Intermediate passengers can proceed in the cabin (without wine or beer), at a reduced rate.
For which, or steerage passage, or freight, apply to
SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 470, George-street.

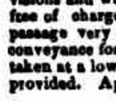
Shippers are requested to complete their shipments, and pass their Custom entries before noon this day. 4266

FOR AUCKLAND DIRECT.
A REGULAR TRADER.



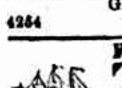
THE well-known Schooner DEBORAH, will sail for the above port on Saturday, the 11th instant; has room for a few tons of freight, for which and passage apply to Captain Negle, Kellie's Wharf; or to
R. T. FORD, 8, Bridge-street.
Tuesday, March 7. 4194

FOR AUCKLAND DIRECT.
WARRANTED FIRST VESSEL.



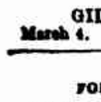
THE well-known packet brig LOUISA, 182 tons register, W. N. Millton, commander.
This vessel has superior accommodations for cabin and steerage passengers, the best of provisions and wines will be provided on board free of charge, and the rate of freight and passage very moderate. This is a first-rate conveyance for valuable horses, which will be taken at a low rate; water and fittings will be provided. Apply to
JOHN MACNAMARA, Queen-street.
4293

FOR AUCKLAND DIRECT.



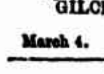
THE FINE SHIP "HYDERABAD," 816 tons, J. F. Castle, Commander, will sail for the above port on Wednesday next—is found, and has accommodations, much superior to any vessel on the berth, and is a most desirable opportunity for passengers proceeding to that port.
For passage only, apply to the Captain on board, or to
GEORGE THORNTON, Custom House.
4254

FOR LONDON.



THE fast-sailing first-class Barque ALERT, 394 tons register, M. Davidson, commander.
Has a large portion of her cargo on board, and will sail 20th March.
Apply to
FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.;
OR, TO
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.
March 4. 4162

FOR LONDON.
FOR PASSENGERS ONLY.

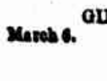


THE fast-sailing A1 Barque DUKE OF RICHMOND, 470 tons register, Thomas Barclay, commander.
Has now nearly all her cargo on board, and will sail 15th instant.
Has superior accommodation for passengers.
Apply to
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER, 700, George-street.
March 4. 4163

FOR LONDON,
FOR PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE fast-sailing A1 barque CADET, 378 tons register, William Forsayth, Commander.
Has superior accommodation for intermediate and steerage passengers, and will sail on the 10th instant. Apply to
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER. 700, George-street.
March 4. 4166

FOR LONDON.



THE fine fast-sailing A1 barque TROPIC, 382 tons register, Charles Robertson, Commander.
Will be ready to receive cargo next week.
Apply to
FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.,
OR TO
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.
March 6. 4222

FOR LONDON.

THE first-class British built Barque MIDLOTHIAN, 414 tons register, Thomas Fyall, Commander,
Has now the greater portion of her cargo engaged, and will have quick despatch.
Has superior accommodation for passengers.
Apply to
ROBERT HOW AND CO.;
OR, TO
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.
March 4. 4164

FOR LONDON.

THE fine fast-sailing barque PANDORA, A1, 297 tons, Charles Cobb, commander, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will meet with immediate despatch. For freight apply to the Captain, on board, to
F. EBSWORTH; or, J. B. METCALFE.
March 7. 4198

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE A1 British-built barque MARCHIONESS OF DOUGLASS, 379 tons burthen, D. Henderson, Commander. Has excellent cabin and other accommodation. Apply to
ROBERT HOW AND CO., Lower George-street.
March 6. 4276

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER,

THE fine A1 SCHOONER DESPATCH, 140 tons, W. F. Plant, Commander. Apply to
R. T. FORD, 8, Bridge-street.
4193

A PUNT FOR SALE, thirty-four feet long, twelve feet broad, and three feet ten inches deep, chunamed, sheathed, and coppered, carries about fifteen tons.
Apply to
W. S. DELOITTE, 7, Jamison-street.
March 6. 4257

BATHURST AND SYDNEY ROAD.

AT a Public Meeting, held at Mrs. Black's, on Wednesday, the 1st of March instant, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Committee appointed at a meeting held the 16th day of February last,

GEORGE RANKEN, Esq., J.P., Chairman,

It was moved by FRANCIS LORD, Esq., M.L.C; seconded by Mr. W. TRESS:

"That this meeting, approving of the report made by the Committee do receive the same, and that a copy thereof be forwarded to the Government, with a recommendation from the public that the line of road therein described as the most eligible be adopted."

Carried.

Moved by Mr. J. W. BLIGH; seconded by Dr. MACHATTIE:

"That the thanks of this meeting be given to those members of the Committee who examined the different lines of road, and that they be requested to communicate with the Government, and use their influence to carry out the object of the first resolution."

Carried.

Moved by Mr. F. LORD, M.L.C.; seconded by Mr. W. H. SUTTOR, M.L.C.:

"That a vote of thanks be given to Andrew Brown, Esq., for his assistance in pointing out and conducting the Committee over the line of road from Redbank to Hartley."

Carried.

Moved by Mr. H. HEATHORN, J.P.; seconded by Mr. A. CAMPBELL:

"That Mr. F. Lord be added to the Committee."

Carried.

Moved by Mr. J. STREET, J.P.; seconded by Dr. BUSBY:

"That a vote of thanks be given to the Secretary for his assistance."

Carried.

Moved by Mr. F. LORD, M.L.C.; seconded by Mr. A. CAMPBELL:

"That this meeting, having learned with regret that Captain Bull has been directed to join his regiment, resolved, that the address now presented to the meeting be forwarded to His Excellency the Governor through the medium of the Colonial Secretary."

Carried unanimously.

JAMES WALSH, Hon. Sec.
4246

Commissariat Office,
Hobart Town, 15th February, 1848.

TENDERS, in duplicate, will be received by the undersigned, until twelve o'clock, on Saturday, the 15th April next, from persons desirous of purchasing one pair of 16 horse Marine Steam Engines and Boiler, Pumps, &c., new and complete, not now required for the public service.

They are on an improved principle, being much lighter and not occupying more than two thirds the space of engines of the same power on the old plan, which is important where room is of great moment. Invented and manufactured by the celebrated engineers, Messrs. Penn and Co., of Greenwich, near London, who have fitted several war steamers with the same kind of engines for Her Majesty's Government; amongst others, the Sphynx ship of war, with 500 horse power engines, which, at the several trial trips, gave great satisfaction.

A drawing showing the above pair of engines, of the collective power of 32 horses, with a tubular boiler, and the method of fixing them in a vessel, together with a specification of the machinery, tools, and stores, can be inspected on application to the officer in charge of the Commissariat Magazines, at Hobart Town, with whom also the machinery, &c., are deposited.

An engineer from the inventor's manufactory accompanied the machinery from England, who will explain its principle.

The following is an inventory of the machinery, &c.:—

No.	
1.	1 Boiler
2.	2 Cylinders
3.	1 Foundation plate, complete
4.	1 Top frame
5.	2 End frames, with brackets for throttle valves
6.	1 Crank axle
7.	2 Paddle shafts
8.	2 Paddle bosses
9.	7 Bundles of paddle segments, (No. 12)
10.	6 Ditto of long arms, (No. 24)
11.	6 Ditto of short arms (No. 48)
12.	2 Ditto of stays, (No. 12)
13.	6 Ditto of paddle boards, (No. 36)
14.	8 Ditto of coal boxes
15.	5 Ditto of steam chest casing
16.	9 Floor plates
17.	1 Bundle of boiler plates, (spare), two pieces
18.	2 Ditto of spare paddle segments.
	64 Packages.
1-12.	12 Cases containing tools, stores, and machinery for the above.
	Total 76 Packages.

Terms—Cash on delivery.

JOHN MACLEAN, Deputy Commissary General.
4102

MR. T. W. SHEPERD, of the Darling Nursery, being about to leave the colony for South Australia, his friends will meet and entertain him at Mr. Gray's, Lighthouse Hotel, on Thursday, the 9th instant, at seven o'clock P.M. Tickets may be had by applying to Mr. GRAY, Mr. SMAIL, Mr. ELLISON, and at Mr. WILKIN'S, London Tavern. The Chair will be occupied by WILLIAM MOIR, Esq.
March 2. 4048

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.
BENEFIT OF
MADAME TORNING,
THURSDAY, MARCH THE 9TH, 1848.

THE evening's entertainment will commence with *Stirling's* Drama, entitled,

ULRICA!
OR,
THE PRISONER OF STATE.
Christine .... MADAME TORNING.

Favourite Song.... Madame Carandini.

Venetian Statues, by Mr. Torning.
To be followed by a Melo-Drama, entitled, The CABIN BOY!
OR THE PIRATE'S VICTIM.
Julian,........Madame Torning.
Comic Song .... Mr. Rogers.
To conclude with the Comic Ballet, entitled, The DANCING SCOTCHMAN; or, SAWNEY IN A GALLOPING CONSUMPTION. Ronald, Signor Carandini; Sawney, Mr. Torning; Effie, Madame Torning. 4201

HOMEBUSH RACES, 1848:
FIRST DAY, TUESDAY, MAY 23.

FIRST RACE.

THE ST. LEGER STAKES of Ten Sovereigns each, (five sovereigns forfeit if declared to the Honorary Secretary at the Royal Hotel, on the 1st of May, between the hours of one and two P.M.) with fifty sovereigns added; for three years old, one mile and a half. Colts 8st. 7lbs., fillies 8st. 4lbs. Entrance three sovereigns.

SECOND RACE.

The ALL-AGED STAKES of five sovereigns each, with fifty sovereigns added, for all horses, to be handicapped by the stewards, or whom they may appoint. Weights to be declared at the Royal Hotel on Tuesday, May 9th, at twelve noon. The entrance and qualification fees will be returned to those persons declining to accept, who are required to notify the same in writing, addressed to the Honorary Secretary, at the Royal Hotel, on Thursday, May 11, at noon.

THIRD RACE.

The TRIAL STAKES of ten sovereigns each, (five sovereigns forfeit if declared to the Honorary Secretary at the Royal Hotel, on the 1st of May, between the hours of one and two P.M.), with fifty sovereigns added; for two year olds, once round the course. Colts 7st. 7lbs., fillies 7st. 4lbs. Entrance, three sovereigns.

FOURTH RACE.

The WELTER STAKES of three sovereigns each, with forty sovereigns added, for all horses; two year olds 9st., three year olds, 10st., four ditto 10st. 12lb., five 11st. 7lbs., six and aged 12st. Heats, twice round. Entrance, two sovereigns.

SECOND DAY, WEDNESDAY, MAY 24.

FIRST RACE.

The SQUATTERS' PURSE of fifty sovereigns, with a sweepstakes of three sovereigns each, for all horses carrying the same weights as in the Welter Stakes. Heats twice round. Entrance, two sovereigns.

☞ The remainder of the day reserved for hack races and matches.

THIRD DAY, THURSDAY, MAY 25.

FIRST RACE.

The METROPOLITAN MAIDEN PLATE, of one hundred sovereigns, for all horses that have never won; weight for age; once round the course; to start at the three mile post. Entrance, five sovereigns.

SECOND RACE.

The AUSTRALIAN PLATE of seventy sovereigns, for all horses; to be handicapped; conditions the same as in the all aged stakes. Entrance, four sovereigns.

THIRD RACE.

The LADIES' PURSE of forty sovereigns, with a sweepstakes of five sovereigns each, for all horses; weight for age. (Maidens allowed 5lbs.) Heats once round the course. Entrance, two sovereigns.

FOURTH RACE.

The BEATEN STAKES of Three Sovereigns each, with Twenty Sovereigns added, for all beaten horses during the meeting, to be handicapped by the Stewards, or whom they may appoint; one mile and a-half. Post entrance.

Entrances for the above races (except for the St. Leger and Trial Stakes) to be addressed under cover to the Honorary Secretary D. C. F. Scott, Esq., at the Royal Hotel, on Saturday, May 6th, according to the printed forms to be obtained at Mr. Moffitt's, bookseller, Pitt-street. Horses that have never won (matches excepted) before the date of their entrance, shall be considered maidens; even though they may win at other race meetings subsequent to that date, or before the expiration of the time appointed for nominating, or for entering for the Homebush Races.

For weights, rules, &c., VIDE "Rules and Regulations of the Australian Jockey Club," to be obtained on application to the Honorary Secretary. The public having experienced much inconvenience and disappointment in consequence of persons not publicly announcing their intentions to *withdraw horses* that are entered; it is resolved, in future, that all persons intending to *withdraw* horses are required to lodge a written notice to that effect, with the Clerk of the Course, on, or before, the hour of 11 A.M., on the day of running, in which such horses are engaged. Any person neglecting or refusing to comply with this rule, shall pay a fine, to be imposed by the Stewards, not exceeding £2, to the Race Fund.

To start each day at 12 o'clock precisely.
Sydney, February 28. 3788

No. 4896.
Town Clerk's Office,
Sydney, 7th March, 1848.

NOTICE is hereby given that Tenders will be received at this Office until Thursday, the 16th instant, at noon, for the work required to be performed in the formation of Devonshire-street, between Elizabeth-street South, opposite the Southern Road to the Burial Ground, and Crown-street on the Surry Hills, according to plan and specification in the City Surveyor's Office, where all particulars may be obtained. Each Tender must be accompanied with a memorandum signed by the person tendering, and two responsible persons willing to become sureties in the penal sum of £100 for the due performance of the work.

JOHN RAE, Town Clerk.
4259

A CARD

MR. TULLOH, Professor of the French Language, Drawing, and the Art of Fencing, begs to inform the families of the City of Sydney, that he has taken a lease of the premises lately occupied by W. H. Mackenzie, Esq., situated in Bourke-street, Surry Hills, where all future communications will be kindly addressed to him. He has still a few hours at present disengaged.

FENCING ACADEMY.

Mr. Tulloh purposes opening a Fencing Academy, on Saturday, the 11th instant, at three P.M.; the season to last till the 1st of November. The days will be on Wednesdays and Saturdays, from three to six P.M., or any hour most convenient to pupils.

Terms—£2 2s. for twenty lessons, half payable in advance.

Mr. Tulloh would beg to remind parents that fencing, drilling, &c, not only increases presence of mind and confidence when self-defence is really necessary; but it also improves the carriage of youth, and is very conducive to health.

The Academy will be held at Mr. J. Clark's, Professor of Dancing, No. 189, Elizabeth-street,

Young gentlemen's academies attended at £1 1s. per twenty lessons, payable in advance. 4288

MR. J. EMANUEL,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 345, CASTLEREAGH-STREET NORTH.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH fixed on a new principle, without giving any pain or extracting the stumps, from one to a complete set; Mr. E. having succeeded in hundreds of cases wherein others have failed.

Teeth and stumps extracted, teeth stopped with gold leaf, or Mr. E.'s cement. Teeth cleansed from tartar; instantaneous relief for the tooth-ache—one drop of this tincture applied with a small piece of wool into the cavity, will relieve the most acute tooth-ache; sold in bottles at 2s. 6d. each. Mr. E.'s diploma, also his specimens of artificial teeth, set in the best quality gold, (which is the only metal fit to wear,) on view daily, all other metals changing colour and destroying the soft palate.

At home from 9 A.M. till 6 P.M.

Observe the address — 345, Castlereagh-street North, seven doors from Hunter-street.
1266

THE Friends of the late Mrs. Ann Davis, wife of Mr. William Davis, of the White Horse, Pitt-street, are respectfully requested to attend her funeral, which will take place on Thursday, 9th instant, at half-past three o'clock. The procession will move from her late residence, Pitt-street, adjoining the Union Bank.

No private circulars will be issued.

RICHARD HAYES, Undertaker.
4308

FORDWICH BOILING-DOWN ESTABLISHMENT.

THE Public are informed that the proprietors of the above establishment will be prepared to melt down sheep or cattle on or about the first day of April next, on the following terms:—

	s.	d.
Bullocks, per head	6	0
Sheep, "	0	6
Saking and packing hides, each..........	2	6

Tongues cured and packed at cost price.

Casks provided at market prices.

All parties will have to cart the produce of their stock from the boiling establishment.

For further particulars apply to the Superintendent, at Fordwich.

February 23. 5664

UNION STORE, YASS.

THE Proprietors beg to announce to the Residents and Stockholders of Gunning, Gunderoo, Burrowa, Gundagai, Murrumbidgee, Murray, and the adjacent districts, that the above Establishment, replete with every article suitable for Settlers, Publicans, and others, is now opened with a choice selection of Goods, consisting of Groceries, Ironmongery, Grindery, Saddlery, Drugs, Tinware, Earthenware, Draperies, Slops, Wines, Spirits, Bottled Ale and Porter; and they trust by strict attention to the wants of their customers, together with moderate charges, they will merit a share of public patronage.

March 2. 3985

VICTORIA STORE, GOULBURN.

MR. J. COLLINS takes leave to remind his numerous friends and the public generally, that he still continues the business of Auctioneer and Commission Agent, and respectfully solicits a continuance of their kind patronage and support. Every attention will be paid to the interests of those parties who may employ him.

N.B.—Cash advanced on all kinds of property intended for immediate sale by public auction; charges moderate.

JOSEPH COLLINS, Licensed Auctioneer,
4253 Goulburn.

SALE OF HORSES AND STOCK,
AT WALLGROVE,
THE PROPERTY OF CHARLES ROBERTS, ESQUIRE.

ON Monday, 13th instant, at the particular request of several gentlemen, the undersigned will run a *Four-horse Coach to Walgrove and back*, same day, sale on Monday, 13th, leaving Sydney at seven o'clock in the morning with three changes of horses.

Passengers booked there and back.

Fare, outside, 10s.; inside, 12s., to go up and down.

LEWIS ALEXANDER.
City Repository, Pitt-street 4240

MISCELLANEOUS BAZAAR.
ROBERT APPLETON, BROKER,
Nos. 181, 185, PITT-STREET, AND CORNER OF PARK-STREET,

RESPECTFULLY intimates that he is a cash purchaser of all kinds of house and shop furniture, pictures, plate, jewellery, watches, literary, wardrobe, and every other description of property to any extent, for which he always gives the full amount of appraisement.

Private Consulting and Shew Rooms, 185, Pitt-street.

Communications received by post or otherwise immediately attended to, and parties waited on at their residences in town or country.

R. A. has always on hand for sale or exchange, every article requisite in house or shop furnishing, on the most extensive and varied scale, together with an endless variety of useful and fancy articles. 3892

ANNOUNCEMENT,
MAGAZINES, PERIODICALS, &c. &c.
OPENED THIS DAY.

BLACKWOOD, Bentley, and Douglas Jerrold's Magazines for October last
Dombey and Son, No. 13, for October last
The World of Fashion Magazine, ditto
Chambers' Miscellany, vol 19, the last but one
Parlour Library, vol. 8, contents:—
The Old Convents of Paris, and
The Haunted Marsh, by George Sand
Phillipsland and Cookslaud, by the Rev. Dr. Lang
Sharpe's London Magazine, vol. 4
Also,
A New Work, illustrated by George Cruikshank, (to be completed in six monthly parts), entitled:—Whom to Marry, and How to get Married; or, The Adventures of a Lady in search of a good Husband, by one who has refused "Twenty Excellent Offers," at least
The first number of this popular work can now be had.

4222 WILLIAM MOFFITT.

NOW READY.

THE NEW SOUTH WALES ANNUAL REMEMBRANCER, AND ALMANAC, in one volume, cloth; contains in addition to the Calendar, Lists of the Officers of the various Departments, Legislative and Municipal Councils, Magistrates of the Territory, Gardeners and Rural Calendar, lists of Barristers and Attorneys, Commissioners of Crown Land, &c., &c., &c.; together with Map, showing the proposed route for steam communication between England and Australia. Also, the Acts containing Laws and Regulations respecting the issue of Licenses to Depasture Stock on Crown Lands, Assessment Act on Stock, Her Majesty's Orders in Council, relative to the Occupation of Crown Lands; the Tenements Act; the Lien on Wool Act, the Master and Servants' Act, and the Scab Act.

PRICE 3s. 6D.

COLMAN AND PIDDINGTON,
Booksellers, Stationers, and Bookbinders,
485, George-street, opposite the Barrack Gate.

BLASTING POWDER.

ON SALE by the undersigned—
Superior coarse-grain Blasting Powder
THOMAS SMITH AND SONS,
541, George-street,
3208 Corner of Jamison-street.

JUST PUBLISHED,
LA MILITAIRE QUADRILLES,

SELECTED from airs of various Nations, harmonized and arranged for the Pianoforte, and most respectfully dedicated, by permission, to the Lady of His Excellency Major-General Wynyard, C.B., Commander of Her Majesty's Forces in New South Wales, by J. Daniell. Price, 5s.

To be had of all the principal Music-sellers and Stationers in Sydney; also, of the Author, Rushcutter's Bay.

☞ Mr. Daniell takes the present opportunity of stating that he will leave Sydney for his annual journey to Bathurst, &c., in all March.

March 1. 4260

KAURI SPARS AND PLANK.—For sale every day, from ten to four o'clock, at the New Zealand Timber Wharf, Darling Harbour,

Kauri spars, round and square, with long deck and other planks and boards.

February 22. 3454

HAY. HAY. HAY.

20 TONS Van Diemen's Land Hay, well pressed, and the best sample in the market, at

FEARNLEY'S,
Cheap Hay and Corn Stores,
4166 Lower George-street.

30,000 BRICKS FOR SALE, deliverable at Five Dock. Apply to

W. S. DELOITTE,
7, Jamison-street.

☞ A Brickyard to Let.

March 6. 4258

DECK PLANK.—A small lot of the above, just arrived and on sale. For sizes, price, &c., apply to

R. T. FORD,
2498 8, Bridge-street

LOCHFINE HERRINGS.—On sale by the undersigned, 130 Barrels of White Herrings, in prime condition.

E. C. WEEKES,
4267 380, George-street.

TIN PLATES, IC, IX, IXX, on sale by

J. MACNAMARA,
4268 Queen-street.

SEED WHEAT.—On sale, by the undersigned, a superior sample of Van Diemen's Land Wheat.

JOSEPH S. WILLIS,
4274 9, Church Hill.

BEER, WINES, &c.

ALLSOPP'S No. 3 Ale, in hogsheads
Barclay's ale, in ditto
Barclay's porter, in ditto
Byass's bottled ale and porter, in three and four dozen casks
Sherries, in wood, butts, hogsheads, quarter casks, and octaves
Ditto, pale and gold, in bottle
Port wine, in hogsheads, very fine
Benecarlo, in hogsheads and quarter casks
Champagne in one, two, and three dozen cases, very superior
Clarets, in one, two, and three dozen cases, ditto
Sauterne, in three dozen cases
Velvet wine corks and bottling wax.

4138 LYALL, SCOTT, AND CO.

EX HUDSON, and other late arrivals on sale by the undersigned.

Ale and porter, in wood and bottle, of superior quality.

ABRAM BRIERLEY,
470 Sussex-street.

ON SALE.

RUM, eight to ten O.P.
Martell's brandy, in and out of bond
Case gin, ditto
300 dozen London bottled port, in one and three dozen cases
Sherry, in hogsheads and quarters, of the finest quality
Champagne, ditto ditto
Taylor's double stout
Dunbar's bottled ale and porter.

JAMES WOOD,
4241 Bathurst-street.

CAMDEN BUTTER.

THE undersigned having made arrangements with Messrs. J. and W. Macarthur, for the purchase of the whole of the Butter made at their establishment, begs to intimate to his customers and those parties who have been in the habit of receiving that article, that it will be ready for delivery on and after Friday next, March 3.

P. J. CREAGH,
Wholesale and Retail Grocery Establishment,
291, Pitt-street,
(Between King-street and the Theatre.)

March 1. 3950

FOR SALE, one hundred and ten Cows, mostly milkers, and all with calves—to be selected by the purchaser out of the quiet, well-bred herd of Messrs. Durbin and Way, running on the estate of Levinsbrook, Allyn River, and deliverable on or about 1st March. Terms—liberal. Apply to Mr. PATCH, at Gresford. Also for sale one imported Durham bull. 3114

TO SHIPPERS OF STOCK FROM NEWCASTLE.

THE undersigned begs to inform settlers, merchants, owners, and captains of vessels and others interested in the shipment of live stock from Newcastle, that he is prepared to fit up vessels for the conveyance of horses, cattle, or sheep, at the shortest notice and at reasonable prices.

326 S. KEMP.

TO SHIPPERS OF STOCK TO NEW ZEALAND, &c.

A GENTLEMAN, resident to the southward, is willing to draft from his herd, to deliver at Twofold Bay or Goulburn, from three to four hundred, more or less, choice high bred quiet cattle, of a superior description, the produce of a dairy herd; the cows have nearly all been broken into bail, with their first calves, are good milkers, and in calf to an imported pure bred Durham bull; their forms, horns, and rich colours, manifest a high strain of good blood, and their ages are the most desirable, say about

70 Heifers, two years old
70 Cows, three years old
80 Cows, four years old
70 Steers, two years old
70 Bullocks, three years old
60 Bullocks, four years old

Calves under six months old given in. To treat apply to

HENRY BACKLEY,
4309 Queen's-place.

SHEEP.
TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE CONTRACT.

TEN THOUSAND SHEEP, warranted. They are running on a station, about one hundred miles from Brisbane Town, and are well placed for driving to any of the northern districts. A portion of cash will be required, but the remainder of the purchase money may remain at a credit, bearing eight per cent. interest to parties of respectability. Apply by letter (post paid) to Z.Z., at the Office of the *Sydney Morning Herald*. 3172

FOR Sale by Private Contract, a most commodious House and Grounds, situated in the best part of Woolloomooloo, in first-rate order.

Apply to

W. S. DELOITTE,
4256 7, Jamison-street.

FOR SALE.

100 HEAD, a mixed herd of mares, colts, and foals, now running near Bathurst.

TERMS LIBERAL.

Apply to SAMUEL HASSLEWHITE, 450, George-street, Sydney; or to Rev. W. WALKER, Brisbane Grove, O'Connell Plains, near Bathurst. 4287

400 PURE MERINO RAMS for Sale, 2, 3, and 4 years old. Early application to be made to W. MONTAGU ROTHERY, Clifden, Carcoar. 3988

PURE BRED MERINO RAMS.—For sale at Richlands, near Goulburn, and at Nangus, near Gundagai, thorough bred rams of unmixed Merino blood. Application to be made at Richlands, to George Martyr, Esq.; and at Nangus to Mr. James Macdonald, the superintendents at the respective stations.

JAS. AND WM. MACARTHUR.

Camden, 6th March. 4248

FOR SALE, an estate in the South Country, consisting of 5000 acres, well watered, with a comfortable cottage, good offices, garden, and vineyard. Terms liberal. Application to be made to

T. A. MURRAY.

Lake George, March 1. 4249

THE undersigned are Cash Purchasers of Wool, Tallow, and other colonial produce; or, will make cash advances on the same, consigned to their correspondents in London, Messrs. Magniac, Jardine, and Co.

THACKER AND CO.,
Fort-street.

December 20. 9888

WOOL, &c.—The undersigned is a Cash buyer of Wool; or will make liberal advances on WOOL or PRODUCE, consigned to his friends in England.

Wools re-packed and sorted.

THOMAS HOLT, JUN.
244 136, George-street South.

WOOL.—The undersigned is a cash purchaser of wool, or will make liberal advances on the same consigned to his friends, Messrs. Henry E. and M. Moses, London.

M. JOSEPH,
390, George-street.

December 7. 9075

TALLOW.—The undersigned are purchasers of beef and mutton tallow, if of good quality, and in shipping order.

JOHN GRAHAME AND CO.,
591, George-street.

February 29. 3885

THE undersigned are cash purchasers of horse hides in any quantity, from five to eight shillings each will be given for hides in good condition.

THOMAS HALL AND CO.,
No. 166, Castlereagh-street,
4140 And Hyde Park.

THE Undersigned will advance on Wool, Tallow, and other Colonial Produce, consigned to Mr. Robert Brooks, London.

R. TOWNS.

Towns' Wharf, Miller's Point,
December 3 8876

WOOL CLASSING.—The undersigned continues to class and repack Wools, and will make merchantable any that may be damaged either by fresh or salt water.

All wools consigned through or classed by the undersigned, will, at the public sales in London be brought under the immediate notice of the home or foreign purchasers.

FREDERICK EBSWORTH,
Miller's Point and Queen-street,
1193 Sydney.

WILLIAM HENRY BERBECK.

THE abovenamed person, who sailed from London in the ship Orator, Captain Tayt, in the year 1843, and left that vessel on arrival in Sydney, and joined the brig Martha, trading to Newcastle, and in the following year (1844) lived at Miller's Point, is requested to call at the office of the undersigned. Any person giving information where the above individual can be found will be rewarded.

JOHN MACNAMARA,
Queen-street

March 5. 4292

OLIVER BEEDLE.—The above individual is requested to forward his address to the undersigned, as they wish to communicate with him.

MARTYN AND COMBES,
4252 George-street, Sydney.

NOTICE.—The undersigned, retiring from business, requests that all claims against him may be immediately rendered; and that all outstanding debts may be liquidated without delay.

WILLIAM WALKER,
588, George-street,

February 14. 3699

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.

In the will of Mark Rafferty, late of the South Head Road, near Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, house and landed proprietor, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Sarah Rafferty, of the South Head Road, near the City of Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, intends to apply to this Honorable Court, at the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof, that probate of the will of the above-named Mark Rafferty be granted to her, as the Executrix named therein.—Dated the 7th day of March, A.D., 1848.

ARCHIBALD LITTLE,
Proctor for the said Sarah Rafferty,
4272 126, King-street Sydney

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.

In the will of William Edward Jones, late of the City of Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, master mariner, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Robert Murray, of the Five Dock, near the City of Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, gentleman, intends to apply to this Honorable Court, in its Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, at the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof, that probate of the will of the above named William Edward Jones be granted to him as the Executor named therein.—Dated the 7th day of March, A.D., 1848.

ARCHIBALD LITTLE,
Proctor for the said Robert Murray,
4273 126, King-street, Sydney.

BARQUE CADET.—Shippers by this vessel are requested to send in their bills of lading for signature immediately to

GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.
700, George-street.

March 7. 4294

WALMER CASTLE.—All accounts against the above ship must be sent in to the undersigned, by Friday, the 10th instant. Passengers by the vessel are requested to pay the balance of the passage money before that time, and Shippers to send in their Bills of Lading, to

BOYD AND CO.,
Church Hill.

March 7. 4307

NOTICE.—All parties are hereby cautioned against trusting or harbouring the crew of the American barque George Champlin, as no debts will be paid by the master or agent. 4281

WANTED, by the proprietor of a run in the Clarence River District, on such terms as may be agreed upon, about 600 head of well bred cattle: a mixed lot. The run is a very fattening one, and there is a boiling establishment and water carriage within thirty miles.

For further particulars apply (if by letter post paid) to Mr. WATKINS, Parramatta. 4186

COPPER BOILER.—Wanted, a new 300 gallon Copper Boiler, with tap and pipe complete.

MACKINTOSH AND HIRST,
4261 Queen's-place.

WANTED, from 600 to 700 Ewes from eighteen months to two years old well bred. Apply to Captain Cork, on board the schooner Comet, at the Flour Company's Wharf. 4181

WANTED, for the Infant School, in Harrington-street, a master and mistress, who have been accustomed to school teaching, who are members of the Church of England, and can produce satisfactory testimonials. Application to be made to the minister of St. Philip's Church, Sydney. If by letter, post paid.

March 7. 4298

TO DRAPERS' ASSISTANTS.—Wanted two respectable young men. Apply to M. HOLROYD. 4243

WANTED, a respectable young person as Nurse—to take charge of two children. None need apply but those accustomed to the nursery.

Apply to Mrs. TOWNS, Moore's Cliff, Miller's Point, between the hours of ten and three. 4230

WANTED, in a gentleman's family, a respectable young woman as Nursery-maid. She will be required to produce satisfactory recommendations, and a good character from her last place. For cards of address enquire at Mr. MEARE's, Manchester House, No. 267, Pitt-street, nearly opposite the Theatre. 4266

WANTED, a respectable middle aged female, as servant to a lady and gentleman in the country. This would be a comfortable home for a widow. Apply personally, to Dr. M'KELLAR, Lower George-street, in the morning. 4275

WANTED, a good plain Cook. Apply at No. 7, Jamison-street, to Mr. GEORGE THORNE.

March 8. 4270

WANTED, a COOK. To a competent person liberal wages will be given. Apply to Mrs. KELLIE, Potts's Point, Darlinghurst. 4262

WANTED, a Gardener. Apply to Mrs. JOHN ROSE HOLDEN, Eveleigh House, Chippendale.

March 7. 4255

CONFIDENTIAL EMPLOYMENT.—The advertiser, who has been several years in the colony, and is acquainted with almost every branch of trade and book-keeping, is desirous of meeting with confidential employment. Has at present the management of a wholesale country store; will be in Sydney in a few days. The highest testimonials can be given. Address T. M., Post Office, Sydney. 346

A RESPECTABLE ENGLISHWOMAN wishes to obtain a situation as cook and housekeeper. She can be well recommended. Address E. J., *Herald* Office. 4244

DARING HOUSE ROBBERY.
£20 REWARD.

WHEREAS, on the night of Thursday, the 2nd instant, the several articles of jewellery, as hereinunder mentioned and described, together with a large amount in bank notes, of the value altogether of nearly

ONE HUNDRED POUNDS,

were stolen from the sleeping apartment of the undersigned, at the house, known as the sign of the "White Horse Inn," Bathurst, and kept by a Mrs. Yeo.

Whoever will give such information either to Mr. Rhodes, Chief Constable of Bathurst; to Mr. Weaving, Chief Constable of Sydney; or to Mr. Kemble, or otherwise as may lead to a recovery of the property (exclusive of the cash notes, the numbers of which are not known) and the conviction of the offender or offenders, shall receive the above reward.

ARTICLES STOLEN, VIZ.:

One double-bottomed gold watch, English manufacture, No. 5979 on the name plate, hard enamelled dial and engine-turned case. One very large lady's gold neck chain, furnished star pattern. One superb English made seal, white cornelian set, and without engraving, with a lion hunt chased upon it. A gold key, rib pattern, and a gentleman's hunting watch chain, very massive, with a dog hanging to the chain, and an elephant and castle slide upon it.

HENRY KEMBLE,
Tragedian.

Victoria Inn, Bathurst, March 3. 4277

£5 REWARD.—Sold, without my authority, at Mr. Hurley's, publican, Burrowa, on or about the 18th January, 1848, one light bay horse, bald face, four white legs, white spot in flank, wall-eyed, branded E on near shoulder; and one dark brown horse, white star in forehead, branded R P on near shoulder. Any person delivering up the said horses to me, at Kangaloola, Crookwell, shall receive the above reward, and if detained after this notice the parties will be prosecuted as the law directs.

GEORGE EVANS,
Kangaloola.

March 4. 4239

£5 REWARD will be given to any person who shall lead to the conviction of any stealer of the two mares undermentioned; and £2 will be paid to any person who shall deliver the same to the owner,—the Rev. R. CARTWRIGHT, of Gunning, if not stolen. Mares, about 15 hands high, colour bright bay, long tails, and black points, one rising eight or nine years old, branded on neck or near shoulder RC, has some other brands on shoulder, and a star in the forehead. The other, rising four years, marked on near shoulder RC with the R inversed, on the neck RC, and on the off side R.

Gunning, February 26. 3362

£3 REWARD.—Lost, from Burrowa, about January, 1847, a bay Gelding, with black points, about sixteen hands high, has saddle marks, branded I M on near shoulder. Any person giving such information as will lead to his recovery will receive the above reward, on application to the undersigned.

3447 W. H. BROUGHTON.

£1 REWARD.—Lost at Yass, on the 25th January—one light bay Horse, about 15½ hands high, two hind feet white, branded ∞ over B on the near shoulder. Whoever will give information to Mr. M. Moses, Yass Inn, as to lead to the recovery of the horse will receive the above reward. 3448

ONE POUND REWARD.—Stolen or strayed from Yass Plains, a dark brown or black horse, three years old, branded on both shoulders L.

Any person who may deliver the said horse to Mr. M. Moses, Yass, or the undersigned at Appin, will receive the above reward.

J. M. SHIEL.

Appin, March 6. 4340

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1515786

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAL.

MARCH 7.—Pompey, schooner, 46 tons, Captain Ford, from Kaipara, New Zealand, the 22nd February.

DEPARTURE.

March 7.—Thistle, steamer, 127 tons, Captain Mulhall, for Moreton Bay. Passengers—Mr. D. Blair, Mr. Coutts, Mrs. Mort, Mr. Burgoyne, and nineteen in the steerage.

CLEARANCE.

March 7.—Mary Ann, schooner, 60 tons, Captain Stanes, for Portland Bay. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Roberts, Mr. John Kitchen, and Bridget Heffernan.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

THIS DAY.—Hudson, and Brougham, for London; Sir Edward Parry, for Hongkong; Emma, for Adelaide; Mary Ann, for Portland Bay; Australian, for the South Sea Fishery.

TO-MORROW.—Lightning, for London.

COASTERS INWARDS.

March 7.—Lapwing, 15, Hodgkinson, from Shoalhaven, with 6 tons potatoes, 4000 feet cedar, 50 bushels wheat, 40 bushels maize; Highland Lass, 20, Leslie, from Wollongong, with 60 bags wheat, 120 bags barley, 21 bags potatoes, 8 kegs butter; William the Fourth, steamer, 54, Sullivan, from Wollongong, with 65 kegs butter, 150 bags grain, 20 bags potatoes, 35 pigs.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

March 7.—Highland Lass, 20, Lesslie, for Wollongong, in ballast; Lapwing, 15, Hodgkinson, for Shoalhaven, with sundries; Lucy Ann, 36, Parry, for the Richmond River, with sundries; William the Fourth, steamer, 54, Sullivan, for Wollongong, with sundries.

EXPORTS.

March 7.—Lightning, brig, 182 tons, Captain Mellish, for London: 42 bundles whalebone, 210 casks sperm oil, 81 casks black oil, S. Wilkinson, junior; 5 casks tallow, J. Graham and Co.; 16 casks tallow, 72 hides, J. Hamilton; 27 casks tallow, 2 packages lambskins, John Lord; 1 cask sealskins, 1 case anniseed oil, W. Bislop; 146 hides, T. Agars; 2400 horns, W. Drake.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will be closed at the Post Office, as follow:—

FOR ADELAIDE.—By the Emma, this day, at noon.

FOR LONDON.—By the Lightning, this evening, at six, and by the Walmer Castle and Cadet, on Monday evening, at six.

PORT PHILLIP.

ARRIVALS.—February 26. Titania, schooner, 140 tons, Knight, from China and Singapore, having left the latter port on the 3rd January. 28. Juno, steamer, from Sydney.

DEPARTURES. — February 25. Elizabeth Thompson, barque, for Liverpool. 27. Mazeppa, ship, for Adelaide. 28. Clarence, schooner, for Launceston.

CLEARANCE. — February 28. Minerva, schooner, Hovendon, for Sydney. Passengers—Mr. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. Hitchens and four children, Mrs. Rynd, Mrs. Cotterill and three children, Messrs. Griffiths, Tomkins, Howe, Cumings, Kaye, Campbell, and Mellor. Cargo—291 bags wheat, 47 bales wool, 10 kegs nails, 4 hogsheads rum.

IMPORTS.—February 26. Titania, schooner, from Hongkong, via Singapore—20 chests, 120 half-chests, 60 packages congou, 250 chests, 100 half-chests, 62 packages hysonskin tea, 6 packages Pekoe, 12 packages gunpowder, 6 packages hyson, 12 packages Oling tea, 2 boxes, 1 box silks, 3 boxes Chinaware, 16 packages rattan-ware, 18 rolls matting, 1 case wood-ware, 1800 bags sugar, 40,000 cigars, 103 boxes sago, 7 boxes cloves, 4 boxes mace, 5 boxes nutmegs, 15 bales gunny bags, 4 bags sugar, 6 bags white pepper, 130 bags coffee, 125 bags pepper, 110 packages, 180 chests, 117 half-chests tea, Heape and Grice.

H. M. S. Bramble returned to port on Friday night last. Lieutenant Yule attempted to effect a landing at Cape Otway, but owing to the prevalence of strong easterly winds, was not able to carry out his intention, although he remained off the Cape for four or five days. The Bramble sails direct for Sydney this day. Lieutenant Yule has completed his survey of the Light House in the Straits. H. M. S. Rattlesnake having surveyed the Light Houses at Swan and Goose Islands, proceeded to Launceston to inspect works of the like nature.—*Port Phillip Patriot, February* 28.

The cargo of the Pompey from Kaipara consists of 20,000 feet kauri plank.

The barque Bussorah Merchant sailed from Calcutta for London on the 11th December last.

The schooner Titania, which arrived at Port Phillip from China and Singapore on the 26th ultimo, reported having spoken on the 7th of January, in the Straits of Sunda, the barque Blair, from Hongkong to Sydney; and on the 24th February, off Cape Otway, the barque Statesman, from Hongkong, also bound for this port; the latter intended to put into Circular Head for provisions and water. The cargo of the Swallow had all been landed and sold at Singapore. Dr. Burns, of H.M.S. Dido, Dr. O'Sullivan, H.E.I.C., Assistant-Surgeon Gallagher, of H.M.S. Bramble, and Lieutenant Dournan, Royal Marines, were passengers by the Swallow from Hongkong for Sydney, and in the typhoon in which she was dismasted lost everything belonging to them.

The steamer Juno was to leave Melbourne for Portland Bay and Adelaide on the 1st instant.

The ship Hyderabad has been chartered to proceed to Auckland with stock.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA TO NEXT PUBLICATION.

March.		SUN rises	SUN sets	HIGH WATER morn	HIGH WATER even
8	WEDNESDAY	5 46	6 14	10 16	10 33

First quarter, 45 m. past 2, P.M., March 12.

THE
Sydney Morning Herald.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 8, 1848.

"Sworn to no Master, of no Sect am I."

RAILWAYS IN BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

SINCE writing the article which appeared in the *Herald* of the 4th ult., on 'The Duty of the State with Reference to Railways', our attention has been directed to the facts, relating to the same subject, embodied in the Minutes of Evidence before the Committee of the House of Lords on Colonization. As these facts serve to show that our own views have been entertained in the North American colonies, and have found favour both with their local legislatures and with HER MAJESTY'S Government, we must take leave to bring them under the notice of our readers.

It is in contemplation to form a railway between Halifax, the chief port and capital of Nova Scotia, and Quebec, the capital of Lower Canada; a distance of about 620 miles; with the prospect of a vast prolongation of the main trunk, and the opening of a multitude of branches.* In this great undertaking, the legislatures of the three provinces, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Canada, have taken a lively interest; and several of the witnesses examined by the Lords' Committee afford some interesting information as to what has been done and what intended. Mr. M. H. PERLEY, a native of New Brunswick, and an officer of the Government states that the three legislatures had united in requesting HER MAJESTY'S Government to cause a survey to be made for the line; that the request having been complied with, the survey was then in progress, and it was expected that at the end of that season (last year), the officers of the engineers who were conducting it would be able to determine whether there was a practicable line, and what course the line should pursue.

Some years previously to this movement, however, a railway company was organised in New Brunswick for a line up the valley of the River St. John; and the line had been actually surveyed *at the expense of the British Government*, and found to be an easy and practicable one, and was about to be commenced, when the United States Government remonstrated against it as interfering with the territory to which they laid claim; whereupon HER MAJESTY'S Government issued a prohibition. Since the settlement of the boundary by the ASHBURTON treaty, the Company are now moving again; and in order to encourage them to the undertaking, the local Government have given them very extensive powers and privileges. They have granted them a belt or strip of land of four hundred feet in width, over which the railway may pass, with land every ten miles for a station; *and the faith and credit of the province stand pledged to guarantee a minimum dividend of five per cent. per annum on a certain amount of stock for ten years after the railway is opened;* and to a further grant, by way of bonus, of 20,000 acres of land, to be held by the Company on the line of the railway. This liberal assistance had been secured, *prospectively*, by a Bill passed by the Provincial Parliament, with a suspending clause for the royal assent; but the witness had been officially informed that the Bill had received HER MAJESTY'S assent in Council. The guarantee is confined to a certain section of the line, the estimated cost of which is £160,000 sterling, one half of which is to be raised in the province, and the other to be disposed of in England; the provincial guarantee applying only to the latter moiety. The whole length of this line, when completed, will be about 320 miles. Mr. PERLEY states that the Government having given the belt of land before mentioned, and the right likewise to enter upon all Crown Lands to take timber and other materials, it is anticipated that the Company will be at no expense for the purchase of land, and very little for the purchase of materials. It is intended, he says, to construct the railway *on the American principle, commencing with a wooden rail;* and when the increase of traffic shall render it necessary, and will warrant the expense, to lay down iron. The wooden rails he speaks of are not those "Kyanized," but those prepared by PAYNE'S process, which is greatly superior. On this plan, they begin with nothing but wood, having wheels without flanges, and with guide-wheels inside them to keep them from running off. The next stage is an iron bar upon the wooden rail. The expense of this railway is estimated at £2000 per mile, including all necessary materials for working it; what would in England be styled "the railway and plant."

The witness states that wooden rails are used in the southern part of the United States very successfully, and he thinks also in the western part of New York.

The minimum Government price of waste land through which this line of railway would pass is *2s. per acre;* but "on a fair moderate," he remarks, "I should conceive that the value of the land fit for settlement immediately the railway was opened, *would be £1 an acre.*" Thus, he adds, in reply to a question put by the Committee, the Governmement would be more than repaid the value of the land given to the railway six or seven times over, by the enhanced value of the residue. The impression in New Brunswick is, that for every emigrant labourer who may be employed upon the railway itself, four other emigrant labourers would find employment throughout the province in other works which would spring up in consequence of the construction of the railway, such as the establishment of new settlements, the founding of towns, the establishment of foundries, forges, and furnaces, the erection of mills, the making of roads, construction of bridges, and in an infinity of other ways.

In his second day's appearance before their lordships, Mr. PERLEY is examined more at length on the subject of wooden rails. He states that PAYNE'S process is intended to preserve the wood from decomposition, and at the same time render it harder, and prevent its being worn or abraded by the action of the railway wheels. It differs entirely from KYAN'S patent, and is greatly superior. PAYNE'S process consists in placing the wood in vacuo, and then forcing into it, separately, sulphate of iron and muriate of lime; when a double decomposition takes place, and the wood is to a certain extent petrified. When sulphate of iron and muriate of lime in a liquid state are brought together, they form a solid directly.

Being asked, with reference to the great scheme of the line between Halifax and Quebec, what proportion of the expense of the portion of it passing through New Brunswick would be borne by the colony, he says he can only answer the question generally, by saying that the legislature have expressed a strong desire to assist in its construction to their utmost ability. Since his previous examination, he has learned that the legislature have just incorporated another railway company, *guaranteeing five per cent.* upon half the amount of estimated capital. An ordinary road, for military purposes, had been contemplated by Government, and a survey made, the estimated cost being £2500 per mile, or more than that of the railway. In the original survey of the St. Andrew's and Quebec railway line, the Government granted £10,000 to defray the expenses of it, under the express sanction of the Lords of the Treasury, with an intimation from the SECRETARY OF STATE that when the result of the survey should be known, HER MAJESTY'S Government would take into their consideration the proposals made for a second advance of money in aid of the undertaking.

Other witnesses were examined on this subject; but their evidence must be noticed hereafter.

* The population of Halifax is about 20,000, and of Quebec about 30,000.

NEWS FROM INDIA.

WE have been favoured by Messrs. SMITH and CAMPBELL with a file of Calcutta papers to the 13th December.

The number of merchants connected with the trade of India which had failed in England, had prepared us for disastrous news from Calcutta, but we did not expect to find that so many houses, some of them of established character, had failed, as appears to have been the case, and, when the terrible November mail reached India, there is little doubt that many more persons must have suspended their operations. At Bombay affairs were more healthy, only one firm, SYKES, LIVINGSTONE, and Co., having failed.

We observe that, labouring under the delusion of "keeping up" a tottering firm, the Union Bank of Calcutta had advanced to one house £140,000, upon which they would receive a very small dividend.

Political news there is none. All was quiet in the Punjaub, whither Sir FREDERICK CURRIE had been despatched on a secret mission, which was puzzling the quidnuncs. Lord HARDINGE reached Calcutta on the 11th December, to await the arrival of his successor.

For the information of our readers we copy the intelligent circular letter of Messrs. D. C. MACKEY and Co., addressed to their correspondents on the 8th December, which gives an alarming picture of the state of commercial affairs in the great emporium of the east.

Calcutta, 8th December, 1847.

Dear Sirs,—Our letter of the 7th ultimo shadowed forth the mercantile calamity then dreaded in Calcutta, and the Bombay mail which reached this on the 19th ultimo has more than confirmed the worst fears entertained for the stability of those firms in London of long traditionary repute in connexion with India. The arrival of the Haddington steamer, with the fearful accounts of the 24th of October, accelerates the crisis that has overtaken the city, and in connexion with the home failures we have the melancholy task of reporting the suspension of Messrs. Saunders, May, Fordyce, and Co., Cockerell and Co., Lyall, Matheson, and Co., Church, Lake, and Co., Lake, Hammill, and Co., Hughesdon, Brothers, and Co., Shearman, Mullins, and Co., Smith, Cowell, and Co., Ewin, Aird, and Andersons, B. T. Ford and Co., Colville, Gilmore, and Co., and some six other houses will suspend consequent on the advices just come to hand, some irrecoverably, and but few others (whose misfortunes have arisen solely from too great a trust and confidence in firms at home and in firms here, and companies, whose local managers have possessed great personal influence and high standing in society), may struggle through their difficulties—these latter have the deserved sympathy of all around them.

The causes of these failures are not to be attributed to India, but have arisen mainly from the downfall of firms in England more hazardously engaged than in the trade with this country.

From railways and from corn speculation has the immediate evil risen, augmented by the large amount of capital locked up by merchants in sugar and other estates out of England, and in times of pressure like the present utterly inconvertible to meet their liabilities. The losses to the country by the failure of the crops of 46-47 may be taken at 30 millions sterling, and in addition to this positive loss from non-production, some 20 more millions may be added as having left the country to pay for foreign grain and other bread-stuffs; add to this the railway calls of 50 millions per annum, and you have an absorption in one year of 100 millions sterling, of which the first two items, equalling 50 millions, are positively out of circulation, and much of railway calls lie unproductive in wood and iron, pending the completion and working of the lines.

It is not therefore so great a matter of wonder that these calamities should have befallen the mercantile world, whose speculations were unrestrained and unchecked by the knowledge of these broad facts, till the evil, with fearful truth, made itself manifest in the impossibility of raising moneys on any securities, and closing all legitimate sources of ordinary accommodation—reducing "confidence" and "credit" to valueless words. The speculators in corn at high prices did as usual augment the misery of the poor in the past year, and put larger profits in the pocket of the foreign importer; thus, by the now seen result, impoverishing by these famine rates their own. Our railroads, to have benefited the country without distressing it, should have been of more gradual growth,—and the advancement in number and extent to which they have now attained should have spread over a period of some twenty years hence.

Business here is completely at a stand, and though there is no want of money in the Bazar or in the Bank of Bengal, there are not sufficient available safe outlets for it.

Freights to England remain high, and the shipping arrivals are but few, nevertheless the rates may be quoted to-day 10s. under those of yesterday inserted in our price current; shipping interests, however, are likely to remain favourable throughout the year. Oriental Bank Bills, and bills secured by documents, are those now only saleable, ranging from 1·9½ to 1·11 for six months sight paper. Treasury Bills are eagerly sought after, and some remittances are being made in Government Transfer Loan paper.

The first Government opium sale of the series, consisting of 2610 chests, took place on the 29th ultimo, when Patna averaged 1020, and Benares 963, involving an outlay of 26,18,900 Rs.—the sale passed off without excitement, and those monthly to follow are not likely to injuriously affect our money market.

The end of January will, we think, exhibit the final crisis for Calcutta.

Dear Sir,
Yours, faithfully,
D. C. MACKEY AND CO.

Per steamer Bentinck.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

CENTRAL CRIMINAL COURT.

TUESDAY.

BEFORE His Honor Mr. Justice DICKINSON.

CATTLE STEALING.

Edward Lannigham, late of Picton, labourer, indicted for that he, on the 22nd April, 1847, with force and arms, at Bowman's Hill, ten bulls of the value of 40s. each, ten cows of the value of 40s. each, ten heifers of the value of 40s. each, and ten cows of the value of 40s. each, of the goods and chattels of one John Gorman, then and there being found, did then and their feloniously take, steal, and drive away, contrary to the form of the statute, &c.

The prisoner pleaded not guilty.

Mr. Darvall appeared for the prisoner; Mr. Little, attorney.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL conducted the case for the Crown.

The prisoner had on the previous day been indicted for stealing three head of oxen belonging to James Gorman, the brother of the present prosecutor, when, owing to there being—through the death of a witness subsequent to the prisoner's committal, and sufficient evidence not appearing on his deposition—a want of identification, he was acquited, when the Attorney-General filed the indictment, the subject of the present trial.

The particulars of the alleged cattle stealing were fully detailed in the evidence given at the trial on Monday, appearing in yesterday's *Herald*. Most of the witnesses in that case were again examined, and their testimony was nearly similar to that of the previous day, the only difference being some slight additions, from which it appeared that on some of the cattle alleged to have been stolen, when missed by the prosecutor, there was a brand of IG, but which, when they were recovered was found to have been altered into TR, and on another beast an A had been turned into a B, these changes having been effected by the ingenious branding irons found at the prisoner's house, produced before the Court. The Chief Constable of Picton added to his former evidence that in going to the prisoner's house, when within six or seven miles off it, he fell in with about forty or fifty head of cattle, all newly defaced, as the brands were unhealed.

The prisoner was acquitted, but remanded, the ATTORNEY-GENERAL stating that there was a further charge against him.

BURGLARY.

John Rutter and William Smith, both late of Sydney, labourers, indicted: Rutter, for that he on the 5th February, 1848, in the night time, at Sydney, with force and arms at Sydney, the dwelling house of one James Stinson, did feloniously and burglariously break and enter into, with intent the goods and chattels of the said James Stinson to feloniously and burglariously take, steal, and carry away, contrary to, &c. Smith was indicted for aiding and abetting in the said burglary.

The prisoners pleaded not guilty, and were undefended.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL stated the case for the prosecution.

James Stinson sworn: Witness occupies a residence in Pitt-street; at about half-past ten on the night of the 11th February last, after securing his house went out, but was not absent above a couple of minutes, and on returning home found the prisoner Rutter half way through the window; the prisoner Smith was in the street about three yards from him, and there was a third man, but who made off; found a piece of board which had been put where there was a pane of glass broken lying on the ground, having been removed by force, and by which the fastening of the window had been unloosed, and the sash raised; asked Rutter what he was doing; he replied, making water; and with the prisoner Smith went off in the direction of the Haymarket; witness was frightened (there being two present, and Rutter having something in his hand) to attempt to stop them; he, however, followed them into Campbell-street, and saw Rutter go into a public-house, and Smith proceeded on; witness at the corner of the street met Inspector Higgins, and took him to where Rutter was, and gave him into custody, and on his being searched a stone chisel was found on him; the prisoner Smith some short time afterwards came up to the witness in the street and asked where was the Wheatsheaf public-house; witness kept him in conversation until Higgins came up, when he also gave him in charge.

Both prisoners cross-examined the witness as to his being certain of their identity, but his previous statement remained unshaken.

Inspector Higgins, of the Sydney Police, gave evidence as to the apprehension of the prisoners and the finding of the chisel on Rutter.

The witness was cross-examined by both prisoners, but the questions were irrelevant ones, and his direct evidence was not in the least contradicted.

The prisoners addressed the Court: Rutter, on the improbability of the prosecutor's recognising (as it was a dark night) the person getting into his house; that he was evidently mistaken in the person; he was perfectly innocent, and accounted for his possession of the chisel, by stating himself to be a cooper, and that it was usual for persons of that trade to carry a tool of that kind about them to be ready for use. Smith, after declaring his innocence, and that he had never seen Rutter before he was apprehended, dwelt on the improbability of his addressing the prosecutor in the street so shortly after the burglary had been attempted, if he had been concerned in it.

Rutter, on being asked if he had any witnesses, stated he had one who could have proved an *alibi*, but he had gone up the country, and called a juryman who had been at one time in the same employ with him for a character, but it seemed three years had elapsed since that person had any knowledge of him, and then only slight.

Smith called no witnesses.

His HONOR having summed up, the Jury retired, and after ten minutes' absence, returned a verdict of guilty against both prisoners, who were each sentenced to twelve months imprisonment, with hard labour, in Sydney Gaol, the first and last fortnights of this term to be passed in solitary confinement.

The COURT then adjourned until this day, when there will only one Court sit.

SUPREME COURT.—TUESDAY.

IN EQUITY.

BEFORE His Honor the Primary JUDGE.

CAMPBELL *v.* DRUITT AND OTHERS.

Mr. DONNELLY moved to make absolute a rule *nisi*, that he had obtained on a former day, to confirm the Master's Report made herein.

His HONOR granted the motion, upon the production of the usual affidavit.

CAMPBELL *v.* BURDEKIN.

Mr. DONNELLY moved that leave be granted to enter an appearance to the suit, for one —— Bossley, upon reading an affidavit of the solicitor in the cause, that no appearance had been entered.

His HONOR granted the motion, subject to the production of the certificate of the Master, that no appearance had been entered; intimating that it was more correct that the absence of that fact should appear by the certificate of the Master, than by the affidavit of a solicitor in the cause.

WRIGHT *v.* FRETZ AND WIFE.

The bill in this cause stated, that some time in the year 1815, William Wright, the father of the complainant, was possessed of land in Phillip-street, Sydney, described in the grant presently referred to, and did, by deed dated 1st June, 1815, convey all the said land to the complainant; and by virtue of that deed, he entered into possession of the same. That the same William Wright, by bargain and sale bearing date the 29th of June, 1835, in consideration of £30, again conveyed a portion of the same land to the complainant. That after the date of the last deed, with the knowledge, and without the interference, of Ann Fretz, one of the defendants, and wife to the other defendant, built a dwelling house on the said last mentioned property, expending large sums of money thereon. That William Wright having died, Ann Fretz, then Ann Wright, in the year 1839, by alleging that she was the representative of the person who was in possession of the property in the year 1823, obtained a grant of the property in question, the said Ann Wright well knowing that the complainant was the party entitled to the grant. That the complainant was in possession of the property from 1815 to 1836. The bill further stated, that the complainant being the person properly entitled to the grant, the defendants were mere trustees for and on behalf of him; and that in 1842 the complainant borrowed of one Thomas Flood, £40, and, as a security, deposited the said bargain and sale of the 29th of June, 1835. The bill then charged, amongst other things, that the defendants pretended that the said William Wright, some time in 1831, made a conveyance of the premises described in the grant in favour of the defendant, Ann Fretz, then Ann Wright; the contrary of which the complainant charges to be true; and that if there were such a conveyance, the same was kept secret from the complainant, and he was knowingly suffered to build upon the same property. The prayer of the bill was in the alternative, to the following effect:—That the defendants be declared trustees to the complainant of the land described in the grant, subject to a certain mortgage made by defendant, Ann Fretz; that they be declared to convey all their estate in the same to the complainant; and that an account be taken, &c. Or, that the defendants may be decreed to pay to the complainant the money that he has expended, and a compensation for the complainant's labour in such building, and improvements, together with interest thereon. The defendants by their answer, denied that Wm. Wright, in 1815, made a deed conveying the premises in question to the complainant. They admitted that in 1836 the plaintiff erected a building, as in the bill stated, but that it was so erected with their, or one of their consents, he being allowed to remain in possession rent free until he let the same. Their answer further stated, that in 1831, Wm. Wright, (who died in 1844), by deed conveyed the whole of the property to the defendant Ann Fretz, then Ann Wright, and that afterwards she obtained a grant from the Crown of the same.

Messrs. DONELLY and MICHIE appeared for the complainant. Here it was said, that the complainant first claimed title to the whole of the property in question by virtue of a deed dated in 1815; but which deed was unfortunately not capable of being proved in evidence. Subsequently, in 1835, he obtained another conveyance of a portion of the same property, and being armed with this deed, he built upon this same portion, with the full knowledge and consent of the defendant, Ann Fretz, although she all this time claimed the identical property by virtue of a deed of purchase dated in 1831, from the same William Wright, of the existence of which deed the complainant was at this time totally ignorant. Beyond all this, it had been proved in evidence that she was aware that the complainant had some title to the land on which he had built, and had in conversations admitted it. It was submitted, that the presumption of law was in favour of the complainant's at the time he built, not being aware of the title of the defendants; for it is not to be supposed that he would thus build upon the land of another. No evidence had been adduced by the defendants, to show that he had this knowledge, and it was for them to make out this fact. The law is well settled by all the cases from Coke's down to the present time, that if a party allow another in a mistake to build upon his land, without telling him that the land is his, a Court of Equity will give relief. Here it was proved beyond all doubt, that the defendants knew that the complainant's title was defective, and yet they claiming by a superior title, living upon a portion of the premises, permit the complainant to build upon the other portion, and even after thus built upon, permit and suffer the complainant to let the building to a tenant, and to receive rent for it. The difficulty in cases of this kind, with a Court of Equity, is, how to give the injured party relief; whether to give him a conveyance of the land so improved by his labour, or to compensate him in money for that improvement. In this particular case it was urged that the land had been improved substantially, and it would be but a poor compensation to repay back the money spent upon the building; the Court ought the rather to order the defendants to convey all their estate in the premises to the complainant, subject as in the prayer is stated. In the course of the argument, the following treatises and cases were referred to:—1 Maddox, Chancery Prac., 263; Story's Eq. Jurisprudence, 310, 311, 313; Corder *v.* Lewis, 1 Y. and C., 427; Kelly *v.* Brown, 3 Rid. Par. Cases; Att.-Genl. *v.* Baliol College, 9 Mod., 411; Hardcastle *v.* ——, 1 Aust.; Fanning *v.* Farrar, 1 Eq. Cases Abridged, 357; Edlin *v.* Butterly, Lev., 152; Dan *v.* Spurrier, 7 Ves. 213, and East India Company *v.* Vincent, 2 Atk.

Mr. BROADHURST appeared for the defendants, and contended that the plaintiff's arguments and evidence were inconsistent with the scope of his bill. The prominent case for relief, as set forth in the bill, was grounded upon the defective conveyances of the complainant; but now upon argument, the case for relief is founded upon the fact of the complainant having ignorantly built upon a portion of the land of the defendants; and yet the prayer of the bill seeks the whole of the premises mentioned in the grant. It was submitted in the outset that the whole case for relief had failed; and if a nonsuit were allowed on this side of the Court, this was just the case, where he (Mr. Broadhurst) would ask for one. The bill was framed to get equity done to the complainant, yet the complainant had not in his bill offered to do equity; at any rate, as the facts now stand, the complainant, if he be decreed entitled to the land built upon, owes the defendants a large sum of money, which the complainant has not offered to pay, &c. In other respects the bill was incorrectly, though craftily, framed, for it was wanting in a charge, that the defendant, Ann Fretz, fraudulently allowed the complainant to build; and this was a most important ingredient in a bill of this nature, where Courts of Equity will only relieve, where it has clearly been stated in the bill, and proved by evidence, that the property had been improved in mistake, that that mistake was known to the defendant or defendants, and that the defendants lay by in order eventually to take a fraudulent advantage of the improvements.

Mr. BROADHURST went then into a long analysis of the evidence relied upon by the complainant, to show that he, the complainant, was fraudulently allowed to build upon the premises in question, as if the premises were his own freehold; and contended that the same evidence, if carefully examined, would prove that he was only so allowed to build with the consent of the defendant, Ann Fretz; and, in consideration of having built the house, was allowed to live in it rent free; which benefit, it was also contended, had more than compensated the complainant for the money he had so expended. The Court was lastly asked to dismiss the bill with costs.

Mr. DONNELLY replied; and

His HONOR reserved judgment.

Messrs. Dunsmure and Longmore were solicitors for the complainant; and Messrs. Nicholls and Williams, solicitors for the defendants.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

INSOLVENT COURT.

TUESDAY.

BEFORE W. A. PUREFOY, Esq., Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates.

In the estate of Lewis Moss, a single meeting was held. Samuel Solomons proved a claim of £19 6s. 2d. against the estate, after which the meeting was adjourned until the 14th instant.

In the estate of Robert Furnifull, a single meeting. The following claims were proved: R. Thompson, £15 4s. 6d.; J. Row, £95 6s. 3d.; B. P. Griffin, £13 5s.; H. J. Cohen, £12; and J. Strong, £7. An offer was made to purchase the assets of the estate for £50, which the majority of the creditors present agreed to accept.

In the estate of Thomas Hill, an adjourned single meeting: further adjourned until the 21st instant.

In the estate of M. Gannon, a special meeting for examination of the insolvent: adjourned until the 21st instant.

MEETINGS TO-MORROW.

In the estate of H. Macdermott, a special meeting for the creditors to give directions, at 11 o'clock.

In the estate of Joseph W. Browne, a certificate meeting, at noon.

In the estate of W. Pendray, an adjourned third meeting, at 2 P.M.

NEW NORTH ROAD.

BY a notice published in the *Government Gazette* of the 11th of last month, it appears that ferries have been established on the new line of road from Sydney to Maitland by way of Brisbane Water. We are informed that about ten days ago an officer of the Government passed over the Wollombi to examine a line of road, for the opening of which the inhabitants of the Wollombi district had forwarded a memorial to the Government. This road commences at a point on the North Shore of Port Jackson, exactly opposite the north end of Macquarie-street, whence it passes through St. Leonard's, and along what is called the Lane Cove Road, to a farm belonging to Mr. Aaron Pearce, where it branches off, keeping the range between Berowra and Cowan Creeks by a well beaten road, leaving a small farm called the "Old Man's Valley" on the left to a tree known in the neighbourhood as the Cowan tree—the word "COWAN" being engraved on its bark. Within a few yards of the Cowan-tree a beautiful avenue has been opened through a forest of tall straight trees for about a mile and a half, where gnarled gum-trees, honeysuckles, and stunted scrub, present themselves, growing on the wild sandstone range. About five miles beyond the Cowan-tree, a small open flat sprinkled with oak trees occurs. The road continues thence along the division of the waters of Berowra and Cowan, showing deep gulleys on each side, with high mountains in the distance to the left, the short lateral spurs exhibiting such rugged features as to prevent the possibility of deviating from the leading ridge, which, at about six miles from Pearce's, becomes very level, and at the seventh declines into a saddle-back, where are the remains of a camp. The remains consist of a horse trough formed of the hollow trunk of a tree, a little beyond which, and close to a rocky water hole is a rude bark hut. Three miles further the ground breaks towards the Hawkesbury and coast, and some engineering is requisite to ease the ascent of a steepish hill. About half a mile beyond this is another saddle back, short and sharp, but which my be eased by working round. Thence to the Hawkesbury (where a succession of beautiful views present themselves) the road, which has been cleared, merely requires trimming. The descent to the river continues along a narrow rocky feature, until a sharp turn round a rock leads over a piece of masonry constructed to clear a deep and rugged gully. The road then passes at the foot of a wall of rock upwards of a hundred feet high, and reaches by a very gradual descent the ferry at Kangaroo Point.

The ferry boat belonging to Mr. Peat (an old settler whose house stands on the opposite bank of the river) is capable of taking six horses.

A long narrow neck of mountain ground between Mooney Mooney and Papran Creeks, is the commencement of the line from the Hawkesbury to Wollombi. The ascent up this neck is the chief labour required in the formation of the road, there being no difficulties on any part of the line. From the top of the hill above Peat's, the direction of the wood is defined by the course of the range, which (though somewhat tortuous) it keeps for about fifteen miles, where it passes over a bluff mass of rock, which requires to be reduced by blasting. About two miles beyond this point, and at a low, tame, feature, in a thick scrub, a tree is marked on a part bared of its bark WATER with RM and anchor under, denoting thereby, that a safe place of anchorage is near. From this point the ground ascends gradually towards two remarkable rocky knolls reminding one of "*Los dos Aripiles,*" of the celebrated battle field of Salamanca, and which are as important as a key to the road as those of Spain were to the military position. Keeping close under these remarkable points, the road leads over a small water course dropping towards Papran, then passes through a thick scrub to the crest of the range, which soon becomes very open—commanding extensive views on both sides. To the north-east, Warrawollong towers over all the subordinate ranges heading the Wollombi Brook. To the north-west Yengo occasionally shows the whole of its form through the foliage, and serves as a guide in selecting the track by which to keep the leading range. There are, however, some delusive patches of open ground; the temptation to follow these must be resisted, as they almost invariably lead into gullies; it must therefore ever be borne in mind that the range is the road.

At about six miles beyond the Aripiles is a singular out-crop of trap from among the sandstone country: the land which rests upon it is of the richest description, thickly clothed with grass, and with standing timber, of girth, height, and straightness, rarely to be met with in this part of the country. The extent of this rich land is however very limited, and the road continues as before, along the top of the same range, which near the trap country (Warre Warren) throws off the waters eastward to Aurimbah Creek, and thence to Tuggurah Beach Lagoon—those on the west side falling into Mangrove Creek. Following the range between the heads of those creeks and the Wollombi, (the general bearing of Warrawollong and Yengo, being nearly as before, making allowance for distance,) the line strikes the road from Wiseman's (Lower Portland Head) to Wollombi, at a small stone bridge about four miles on the Sydney side of M'Donald's Flat. Fifteen miles of the best part of the Wollombi Road completes the distance.

Several gentlemen have travelled the line referred to, and represent it to be free from any serious difficulties. A road party was a short time ago employed upon the first part of it, but suddenly withdrawn. Why this was done we are at a loss to imagine, for it opens a direct road from Sydney to a most important district.

MULTUM IN PARVO.

(From late Australasian Papers.)

MR. CHARLES SHARP has been appointed Harbour Master and Boarding Officer, at Wellington.—Mr. Bogue's pamphlet on Steam Navigation to England is reviewed unfavourably by all the Adelaide papers.—The ordinary revenue of the district of Auckland, for the last quarter of 1847, was £5191.—Mr. Lazar, recently of Sydney, was about to reopen the Adelaide Theatre.—Mr. Stokell, whose trial for shooting a native black he was endeavouring to apprehend, appeared in the *Herald* a few days since, was sentenced to be imprisoned for two months.—The New Zealand debentures outstanding on the 31st December last, amounted to £29,427.—The Rev. T. P. Wilson, of Brazennose College, Oxford, has been appointed Principal of the Collegiate School at Adelaide.—There is great suffering in the western district of Port Phillip from want of rain. — Lieutenant-Colonel M'Cleverty, the Honorable H. Petre, Mr. A. Domett, and Mr. Justice Chapman, form the Executive Council of the province of New Munster. — John Harris, the Melbourne executioner, has been sentenced to be imprisoned for six months for being drunk in St. Peter's Church, and disturbing the congregation.—An excellent site for a sea port town has, it is said, been recently fixed upon, at Waitoi, at the head of Queen Charlotte's Sound, on the Middle Island, approachable from Nelson, through a wooded valley of eight miles.—The amount collected by the Geelong Wesleyan Missionary Society, last year, was £37: at the annual meeting, the ministers of the Church of England and the Church of Scotland took part.—Notwithstanding the want of rain, the grass at Western Port is said to be plentiful, and the cattle exceedingly fat.—The number of Maories convicted in the Resident Magistrate's Court, in 1847, was, for drunkenness 13, larceny 11, vagrancy 1, breach of Hired Servants' Act 1.—No candidate had offered himself for the vacant seat in the representation of Port Phillip, up to the 1st instant; the nomination takes place to-day. — The sheep by the Lady Mary Pelham from Launceston, sold at Nelson at £1 3s. 3d. each. —A Roman Catholic Chapel has been commenced at Portland.—The amount subscribed at Melbourne to the Relief Fund to be expended in immigration was £700.—Mr. Stafford, for many years connected with the Customs' department in this colony, died at Melbourne a few days since.—Governor Grey, while at Nelson, settled the form of the grant to the New Zealand Company, which he promised to execute on his return to Port Nicholson, about the end of this month.—Fifteen squatters were fined forty shillings each by the Melbourne Bench for not sending in the returns required by the Act, and informations had been laid against several others.—Governor Robe, of South Australia, had proceeded to Yorke's Peninsula in search of a stone quarry, wherefrom to build the law offices, the stone procurable near Adelaide being considered of a quality not sufficiently durable.—The crop of grapes in the neighbourhood of Melbourne is very poor this year.

DR. LEICHHARDT.

THE following extracts are from a letter written by our distinguished traveller, dated Canning Downs, 26th February:—

"Since I left you I have been almost constantly on the move, and after nearly three months riding and preparing, I am now on the eve of my final start. My party consists of seven persons, myself included; two of them are Mr. Classen and Mr. Hentig, two are working people (Donald Stewart and Kelly), and two black fellows (Jemmy and Billy), both from Stroud, the former having been with me on my last trip. Mr. Bunce does not go with me, because I wished to form an entirely new party.

"My herd consists of fifty bullocks, twenty of which I received from Mr. J. P. Robinson, and thirty from Government. They are very quiet, and will give us very little trouble after the first month. I have twenty mules and six or seven horses. The mules, though skittish, are by far more quiet than they were a year ago, and we know now better how to manage them. My principal provisions, besides the bullocks, are 800 lbs. of flour, 120 lbs. of tea, 100 lbs. of salt;—250 lbs. of shot, 40 lbs. of powder. I have taken no sugar, which is difficult and inconvenient to carry, and would always be only for the commencement of the journey.

"When travelling over New England I determined the elevation of the following points and stations, additional to my former:—

	Feet.
Captain Dumaresq's station	3494
Top of Ben Lomond	5063
Mr. Boyd's house	3734
Dundee	3654
Mr. Irby's station	2675

These observations agree very well with former ones.

"I am very glad Mr. Kennedy has returned, and has given me the benefit of his expedition. You have been right about the course of the Victoria, and I shall yet find my collar range of the Gulf, from which I supposed the channels I crossed to take their origin. Sir Thomas Mitchell has met with great disappointments, and it will be extremely galling to him that his 'Victoria River' should turn into 'Cooper's Creek' of Captain Sturt,—and that Captain Sturt should be right, and that you should be right, and that I—the wretched botanist—should not be wrong. If he bear his disappointment with resignation, we will praise him for what he really has contributed to geographical knowledge, for his fine surveys, and for his good barometrical observations. Let us give him what is due to him, but we shall do it no doubt with better grace if he is willing to do the same.

"I have seen several sketches of the lower part of the Macintyre, of the Mooni, and the Bolonne, made by gentlemen who have stations on those rivers, and all show that intricate meshwork of creeks and channels and ana-branches and backwaters, which Sir Thomas Mitchell mentions at that part of the Balonne he examined.

"If I succeed in my journey I shall be probably able to trace the outlines of that dry sea-bed which formed when filled in former times an immense inlet of salt water, either communicating with the south or the west. I have your little sketch of three and a-half years old pasted in my book, and shall see how far you were right. You are not yet wrong. I have another sketch from Captain King. He agreed well with your and my own ideas; but has altered some of his views, and believes it has its outlet by several channels into the head of the Gulf of Carpentaria.

"Mr. John Mackay sent me a copy of my journal, and Mr. Gammie showed me a critique upon it in the *Sydney Herald*, which no doubt comes from the hands of my kind friend Mr. ——. The book could never have met with a better introduction to the public, and I myself never with a warmer friend to defend me against the malice of dissatisfied companions. Whatever blame may be attached to me in the *manner* of acting, the *motives* of my actions will bear the strictest scrutiny, provided you allow a man to be a man, and do not perfect him to be an angel. I am going to start next Monday, the 28th February; we shall sail down the Condamine, go up the Colgoon, and follow Mitchell's outward track to the most northern bend of the Victoria. I shall then proceed to the northward until I come on decided water of the gulf, and after that resume my original course to the westward.

"One of the boiling thermometers is broken; the other is good; too great care was the cause of it."

METEOROLOGY.

(Compiled expressly for the Sydney Morning Herald.*)*

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT, SOUTH HEAD, FROM 29TH FEBRUARY TO 6TH MARCH, 1848.

DATE.	MOON'S AGE.	BAROMETER. 9½ A.M.	BAROMETER. 2½ P.M.	BAROMETER. SUNSET.	BAROMETER. 9 P.M.	ATTACHED THERMOMETER. 9½ A.M.	ATTACHED THERMOMETER. 2½ P.M.	ATTACHED THERMOMETER. SUNSET.	ATTACHED THERMOMETER. 9 P.M.	DETACHED THERMOMETER. 9½ A.M.	DETACHED THERMOMETER. 2½ P.M.	DETACHED THERMOMETER. SUNSET.	DETACHED THERMOMETER. 9 P.M.	WET AT 2½ P.M.	REGISTER THERMOMETER. MAXIM.	REGISTER THERMOMETER. MINIM.	RAIN FALLEN.	WINDS.
TUESDAY, 29	24	30·025	30·019	30·002	29·984	71	72	70	70	69	73	69	70	68	73	59	0·04	S. Easterly.
WEDNESDAY, 1	25	29·986	29·960	29·925	29·936	70	72	71	71	70	74	71	70	68	76	60	....	S.E., N.E., and calm.
THURSDAY, 2	26	29·950	29·903	29·890	29·882	74	74	73	73	72	76	72	71	71	76	61	....	Calm, N.N.E., N. by E.
FRIDAY, 3	27	29·853	29·863	29·905	29·971	71	73	72	70	73	73	68	66	70	73	66	0·23	(N. calm), S.S.W., S. by W., S.
SATURDAY, 4	28	30·014	30·009	29·996	30·004	69	71	70	70	69	72	70	70	66	72	64	0·02	S. by E., S.E.
SUNDAY, 5	● 11·21 P.M.	30·019	30·023	30·034	30·046	70	70	69	69	69	72	69	68	66	72	65	....	S.S.E., S.E. by S., S.E.
MONDAY, 6	1	30·050	30·046	30·022	30·080	71	72	71	70	71	74	70	70	66	74	65	0·01	S.E. by S., S.S.E., S. by E.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Tuesday, 29th.—Morning, fresh south-east wind, and transient flying showers. Light wind middle and latter part; fine weather, cloudy, without rain. After sunset calm, nearly all night; darkly clouded, and a few drops of rain occasionally.

Wednesday, 1st.—Very agreeable weather throughout; light and moderate breezes and clear sky.

Thursday, 2nd. — Calm sunny morning, cloudless sky. Middle part fresh breezes from north-east got up, and increased through the afternoon to a very boisterous wind, which continued till near daybreak of 3rd. Hazy, but few clouds.

Friday, 3rd.—Calm, or nearly so, all the forenoon; cirrous clouds covering the zenith. Midday, thunder clouds gathered over from westward, with some distant lightning and thunder, and some warm rains fell between two and three o'clock. After five, storms of rain bore up from south-westward, with heavy squalls of wind, first from south-south-west then veered due south, and blew in gales greater part of the night; some small rain early part night only.

Saturday, 4th.—Moderate breezes former and latter parts; sky thickly overcast. Middle

part very light airs; clouds general, but high. Evening sheet lightning in north: blew hard from southward by east early night.

Sunday, 5th.—Morning light south-east breezes. Noon freshened from same quarter, and continued moderately fresh rest of day and night; cloudy more or less all day.

Monday, 6th.—Moderate, to fresh breezes, for the most part; small cirrous and cumulous clouds passing over during the day, and some trifling spittings once or twice. About six P.M. a smart squall of wind and rain passed over from southward; subsequently wind fresh, in squalls, and occasional transient showers. Night, starry sky and passing cumuli.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

Mr. G. A. Lloyd.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Tobacco, Groceries, White Herrings, Butter, Salted Hides, Household Effects.

Mr. J. Rickards.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Drapery and Fancy Goods.

Mr. Stubbs.—On the premises, Surry Hills, adjoining the property of Mr. W. Pawley, at 12 o'clock, a Woolwashing and Fellmongery Establishment.

Legislative Council.—The Governor has directed it to be notified for general information, that a writ has been returned to His Excellency, certifying the return of Stuart Alexander Donaldson, Esq., to serve as a member of the Legislative Council, for the electoral district of the county of Durham, in the room of Richard Windeyer, Esq., deceased; and during the remainder of the term of the continuance of the present Council.

Court of Requests.—This court will resume its sittings this morning, commencing with No. 86.

City Magistrates.—Monday last will be long remembered by persons whose business takes them to the Police Office. Both the magistrates on the roster for that day (Messrs. Little and Mitchell) were in attendance, and took part in its proceedings; in consequence of which Captain Innes heard the police cases in the second court, by which means, although the lists were heavy, the business of the day was concluded before one o'clock. Messrs. Moriarty and L. Myles were on the roster for yesterday—the first named justice took his seat, the second did not. Messrs. R. Ramsay and A. Sillitoe are the magistrates summoned for to-day.

Court of Quarter Sessions.—This Court was opened *pro forma* yesterday morning, and its sittings immediately adjourned until to-day at ten o'clock.

Artillery.—The Master-General of the Ordnance has appointed the Hon. Lieut. Yelverton, now in New Zealand, to the horse brigade.

John Terry Hughes.—The case for the Crown and defence, in the prosecution of Mr. John Terry Hughes, for fraudulent insolvency was concluded yesterday. His Honor the Chief Justice will commence to sum up this morning.

Sydney Infirmary.—State of the Infirmary for the month of February:—Remaining in the house on the 1st of February, 50; admitted—men, 39, women, 6, children, 6—total, 51; discharged, 50; died, 6; remaining in the house on the 1st March—men, 34, women, 5, children, 6—total, 45.

Stray Horses, &c.—Mr. Henry Dawson was yesterday convicted of a breach of the Sydney Police Act, in suffering a horse, his property, to be straying about within the limits of the city, and was sentenced to pay a fine of 10s., with 6s. costs.

Transfer Meeting.—Yesterday was the quarterly transfer of licenses day, according to the provisions of the Licensing Act; but after waiting until one o'clock for the attendance of a second magistrate, Captain Innes was under the necessity of adjourning the meeting until twelve o'clock this day.

The Burglary at the Club House.—In consequence of information received by Inspector Connor, of the Sydney police, a woman named Mary Ann Sweeney, and five men—Patrick M'Namee, Thomas Broker, William Maclaren, Robert Leary, and Thomas Shaddock, were apprehended by him and Sergeant M'Donnell, and lodged in custody on Monday night. They will be brought up for examination to-day.

Pocket Picking.—The pocket of a gentleman named Ryrie was, on Monday morning, picked in Moore's auction room, Pitt-street, of a pocketbook. The only valuable document was an order for the payment of 40s.; the remainder were merely memoranda, of no use but to the owner.

The Dog Nuisance.—Mr. John Redgate was yesterday convicted of being the owner of a dog which, on Tuesday last (the 29th ult.) did rush at, attack, and bite, a lad named John Parrott, while passing the residence of Mr. Redgate, at Woolloomooloo. The sentence of the Bench was, that the defendant do pay a fine of £3 with costs, 5s.; or in default of payment to be imprisoned for one month.

Quit Rents.—Mr. George Jilks has been appointed collector of quit-rents for the counties of Westmoreland and Cook, in the place of Mr. Richard Sheriff, resigned.

Errata.—In reference to the report of the trial of Wildman, Flemming, and Williams, the amount of the cheque taken by Mr. James Barker should have been £17, and not £73, as reported on Monday.

We are requested by Mr. J. Rickards to direct the attention of the trade and buyers to his sale, this day, of dark prints, drapery, &c.—*Communicated.*

NEWS FROM THE INTERIOR.

(From our Correspondent.)

CAMPBELLTOWN.

March 4.—On Monday last, His Excellency and suite passed through this town, on their way from Wollongong to Sydney. He was accompanied by the Messrs. Howe, of Glenlee, who pointed out to His Excellency the different objects in our neighbourhood worthy of notice. His Excellency's intention of honouring us with a visit was only known a short time previous to his arrival, yet the greater portion of the respectable inhabitants of the district attended, for the double purpose of evincing their loyalty to our most gracious Sovereign, and as a mark of respect and esteem for her representative. It was intended that an address should be presented to His Excellency, expressive of the warmest feelings of attachment to his person, and confidence in his administration; but it having been ascertained that it was His Excellency's particular desire that no public demonstration should be made upon this occasion, the intention was for the present abandoned, and instead of the soul-stirring cheer which would have greeted His Excellency's approach, the parties assembled one and all uncovered, and poured forth a silent aspiration for the speedy and complete recovery of His Excellency's health in body and mind.

After His Excellency's departure, a preliminary meeting was held at Mr. Rudd's Inn, for the purpose of carrying out that long talked of and much wished for object, the erection of a bridge over the Nepean River, at the Menangle Ford. We have never been present at any meeting where a more intense interest seemed to pervade the minds of all. It seemed as if His Excellency's visit had brought about a fusion of those hitherto antagonistic elements, of which our society is composed, sitting side by side, who have led the van.

A meeting was held at Mr. Fieldhouse's, the Jolly Miller Inn, on Wednesday evening, for the purpose of adopting a petition, and electing a Committee, for carrying out the arrangements necessary for completing the bridge, when the following petition was agreed to.

To his Excellency Sir Charles Augustus Fitz Roy, Knight, C.B., Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of New South Wales and its dependencies, &c., &c. &c.

The petition of the undersigned clergymen, magistrates, landowners, and others, resident in the counties of Cumberland, Camden, Argyle, St. Vincent, and Murray,

Respectfully sheweth:

That the communication of the Great Southern Road between the metropolis and the interior, is considerably retarded from the absence of a bridge over the Nepean River at the Menangle Ford, which would have the effect of considerably shortening the distance, and avoiding that which has always been held as the great drawback to the Southern Road, the Razorback Range, which in wet seasons is nearly impassable, and at all times a fearful source of accidents and danger to human life.

Your petitioners would most respectfully submit that the line of road which traverses the Nepean River at Menangle Ford is bounded by a number of agricultural farms, the produce of which is nearly valueless, from the absence of any means of transit to the metropolis or the adjoining towns.

Your petitioners would likewise respectfully invite your Excellency's attention to the fact that during the administration of one of your Excellency's predecessors, a sum of £1200 was voted for the purpose of building a bridge on the site now proposed, which sum has never been so expended.

Your petitioners would likewise mention to your Excellency that on the faith of the said money being so expended, a number of persons have purchased considerable quantities of land from the Government and others; and expended considerable sums in building and other improvements, which properties are now comparatively valueless.

Your petitioners have likewise to submit that the greater portion of the township of Campbelltown is still the property of the Government, and that the increased value given to such land would pay in a tenfold degree for the expense necessary in building the bridge.

Your petitioners would most respectfully request that your Excellency would place upon the estimates such sum as to your Excellency may seem most fit to carry out the said object.

And your petitioners as in duty bound will ever pray.

PENRITH.

On Monday, March 6th, a special general meeting of the District Committee of the Societies for the Propagation of the Gospel and for Promoting Christian Knowledge, together with other Members of the Church of England, was held in the Court House, Penrith, to take into consideration the propriety of addressing the Bishop of Sydney on the subject of the late secession of Messrs. Makinson and Sconce. It was thought desirable that such a course should be adopted on account of the intimate connexion which formerly subsisted between the Churchmen of the district and those individuals, Mr. Sconce having formerly been the minister of Penrith and South Creek, and Mr. Makinson having only left Mulgoa in January last. The meeting was addressed by the Rev. B. L. Watson, G. Cox, Esq., R. C. Lethbridge, Esq., Dr. Clarke, and Mr. Jackson. The first resolution, which was carried unanimously, was as follows:—

That in consequence of the intimate connexion which formerly subsisted between us, the Churchmen of this district, and those two clergymen who have recently seceded to the Church of Rome, it is advisable that an address should be forwarded to the Lord Bishop of Sydney, assuring him of our abhorrence of the errors into which they have fallen, and of our firm and unshaken attachment to both the doctrines and discipline of the Church of England.

The only other resolution was, that the following address be adopted:—

To the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Sydney, and Metropolitan of Australasia.

May it please your Lordship.

We, the undersigned, Members of the Penrith District Committee of the Societies for the Propagation of the Gospel and for Promoting Christian Knowledge, and others, members of the Church of England, resident in the district, desire to assure your Lordship of our deep sympathy with those feelings of distress with which you must have witnessed the late secession of two of your clergy.

We feel more particularly called upon to express our sentiments on this melancholy occurrence, since both those individuals have formerly been connected with us, and one of them very recently. As therefore their influence and example may be supposed to have had some weight with us, we thus explicitly disclose our firm and unshaken attachment to the doctrines and discipline of the Church of England; that we regard her as a true and living branch of Christ's Holy Catholic Church; that in her are to be found full and efficient means of grace; and that as we have lived, so do we hope, by the blessing of God, to die in her communion. We also declare that we regard the Church of Rome in this colony to be pure schismatical, while, at the same time, by her superstitions and idolatries she has thoroughly corrupted the truths of the Gospel.

We trust, however, that this event, over which we are now called upon to lament, will work for the ultimate good of our Zion. If it leads all who in sincerity seek to know the truth, to study more carefully her distinguishing principles, then we fear not but that the result will be, that they will be more and more strongly attached to her communion, and more resolutely determined to defend from every assault, even to the last, those sacred truths which her martyrs and confessors were contented to die rather than desert.

This address is now in course of signature, and will be forwarded to the Bishop with the least possible delay.

BATHURST.

Inquest.—One was held at the Coach and Horses, Kelso, on Thursday, 2nd instant, on the body of a woman named Carlisle, who had died suddenly that morning. Dr. Connell attended the inquest, and from his certificate it appeared that death ensued from too liberal an indulgence in ardent spirits, and a verdict to that effect was returned.

The Weather.—On Friday, the 3rd, about nine A.M., there was an appearance of a heavy fall of rain to N.W., and about eleven A.M. the wind continuing to blow from that quarter, brought us our portion of this bountiful benefit in the shape of a heavy shower of rain for half an hour, and a continuance for an hour longer rather more light; the two following days rather warm, in fact what some folks might or would term intensely hot, and at the time of closing our despatch, about eight P.M. on the 5th, a very threatening appearance of rain in a direction to the N.W.; these genial showers have the most beneficial effect on herbage, and our plains and hills for many miles around evince the fact by the rich and luxuriant mantle exhibited.

Burglary.—A most daring and impudent robbery was committed on the night of Thursday, the 2nd instant; it appeared that on that night Mr. H. Kemble, the performer, had domiciliated for the night at the White Horse Inn: he had safely, as he thought, ensconced himself in his apartment, but had retired to rest but a very short time, when he was awoke by some unusual noise in his *locale*, he jumped out of bed, looked out of the window, and observed a man and a woman going in a direction from the premises; at first the circumstance did not excite any suspicion, but on again retiring to his bed, he discovered his garments strewn about the floor, and in a very different position to that in which he fancied he had left them on first retiring to rest; this excited his suspicion that all was not right, and he commenced an overhaul of what he says he had placed in the chair near his bed, and found that he had been robbed, according to his statement of a double bottomed gold watch, a ladies' gold neck chain, a superb English-made seal, white cornelian set, with a lion hunt chased upon it, a gold key, and a gentleman's massive hunting watch chain, mounted with a dog, and an elephant and castle slide upon it. We have been thus minute in particularising the articles stated to have been stolen, that in the event of such being really the fact, our notice may by possibility lead to the apprehension of the thief. Mr. Kemble estimates his loss altogether at about £100.

ORIGINAL CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen.—"A Presbyterian," in his letter inserted in the *Herald* of yesterday, proves either too much or too little. If Apostolical succession is held, as he asserts, by the Church of Scotland,—but which I deny, except in the case of a few Puseyite Presbyterian Clergymen, such as Dr. Cumming, from whom he has quoted,—why are not her orders admitted by the Bishop of Sydney? In other words, why did that prelate re-ordain the Rev. Messrs. Gregor and Allen, on their admission into the Episcopal Church. The fact is, the Church of England holds no orders valid except her own and those of the Romish Church.

I am, &c.,

A PROTESTANT.

"PADDINGTON ROAD."

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—I rejoice to see that some public spirited individual has taken up our cause, and is endeavouring to point out the injustice of the expenditure of Government money in our district. I always considered that Government should keep in view in the expenditure of public funds "the greatest benefit to the greatest number;" acting upon this principle, I should have supposed that they would have seen the propriety of making the road complete from the city boundary to the end of the populated part of this district, comprising not more than 1000 feet, and repairing the continuation of the road as far as the money would go. Instead of this what are they doing? They are expending one-fourth of the money appropriated, in repairing and rendering positively dangerous the portion from the city boundary to the extremity of the Barracks (upon which about 500 individuals travel daily), and the remaining three-fourths upon the road beyond, where, perhaps, about twenty persons may be seen in the same space of time. Besides, who petitioned for the money? We, the inhabitants of Paddington; and I conceive that we had a right to expect that, at any rate, a fair proportion of it would have been expended in our locality, where so many individuals reside. I leave the public to judge whether such is the case, and I [illegible] will put upon the trust the same amount of influence for our district as there is for the district of Waverley.

I am, Gentlemen,

A RESIDENT AT PADDINGTON.

Paddington, March 7.

MISCELLANEOUS EXTRACTS.

MR. COBDEN IN HAMBURGH.

Hamburgh, October 5.—A committee having formed itself, consisting of twenty-four inhabitants of this city, mostly merchants, and all of the highest standing and respectability, Mr. Cobden was invited to a public dinner to be given to him yesterday, October 4. Accommodations were made for six hundred persons, and the party fully mustered that number.

The gentlemen assembled at five o'clock in the Freemasons'-hall (Grosse Dachbahn), a building adjoining the very large and spacious riding-school of M. Kraeuter, where the dinner was to take place. At six o'clock precisely the company entered the dining-room, headed by Mr. Cobden, who was led by the chairman, M. Ruperti, of this town, the band playing a beautiful march. The riding-school had been most tastefully decorated for the occasion; the walls being hung with flags of all the different nations of Europe, and the place lighted with about 600 wax candles and 20 jets of gas. The tables, beautifully laid out, were arranged in the German fashion, and the company seated at eight different tables, forming four parallel rows. The Chairman occupied the head of the table nearest the centre, and Mr. Cobden sat at his right. At the upper end of the room a small platform had been erected, whence the respective speakers addressed the meeting.

It being the German fashion to give the toasts during dinner, the chairman rose soon after the first course was over, and proposed, for the first toast, "Die Handels-Freehit,"—(Free Trade).

Mr. Edgar Ross rose next, and proposed (in English) Mr Richard Cobden's health. He said it was quite unnecessary to give a description of Mr. Cobden's career as a champion for free trade; his name was inscribed in history, and known even to our children. He mentioned the support which Luther, Wilberforce, Daniel O'Connell, and others met with when they proposed their great reforms, and showed, on the other hand, that Mr. Cobden had only to fall back for support on the intellect of the people; but that he, as all great men, could not be contented with half measures, and had carried to a glorious end his great and powerful scheme.

The toast was received with tremendous cheers.

Mr. Cobden then got on the platform, amidst great applause. He said, he felt it his duty to declare he was only one of the many who had carried out free trade principles—[He mentioned Mr. Villiers, Mr. Bright, and others]. That, as a free man, he was therefore rather sorry to see himself made so much of a monopolist on his continental tour by the kindness of his friends, who conferred all the honours upon him alone. Having thus cleared his conscience on this point, he would speak of the impressions that his continental tour of fourteen months had made upon him with respect to free trade. He had met men of all parties—free traders as well as monopolists—men of enlarged views, and men of narrow views; but he was happy to state that amongst the enlightened ones he had found no difference of opinion about free trade. Almost all the Governments were opposed to protection. He then drew a striking picture of the salutary influence of free trade, by comparing the seaports of Leghorn and Barcelona with each other. He went home with the firm conviction that free trade would make the tour of the world. He was not so sanguine as to believe it could be done in a year or two. It had taken seven years in England, led to an expense of £400,000, and they had distributed 120 ton weight of tracts during that period; but the cause must triumph, because it was the cause of justice and humanity. The next generation, if they should see our tariffs, would never believe that merchants could have carried on business with it. A tariff should be simple enough to be understood by every child, and a thing fit for the waistcoat pocket; but in St. Petersburgh the idea had come to his mind, that it would be necessary to institute a college for teaching the citizens the meaning of that tremendous work the Russian Tariff. He next proved how free traders could never be the enemies of the public revenue, but that they were in fact the best friends of the Exchequer. He did not like arguing after dinner, and much less during dinner, but he would say this, that he was convinced of the victory of free trade, it being a strife of peace against war, of humanity against barbarism, of intellect against ignorance. Before sitting down, (he continued) I wish to propose a toast,—I wish you to drink, "Prosperity to the free city of Hamburgh," and may she be spared to be for eight centuries to come what she has been for eight centuries past, an example to other countries, and the pride of her inhabitants. Mr. Cobden sat down amidst loud and long continued cheering.

The next toasts on the lists were,—

"Gleiche Berechtigung aller Flaggen in allen Hafen der Welt."—(Equal Rights to all Flags in all parts of the Globe.)—Given by Mr. J. Johns.

"Das Deutsche Vaterland."—(Our German Fatherland.)—Given by Dr. Scherer.

"Die Freie Presse"—(The Free Press.)—Given in a very jovial and sarcastic speech, by Dr. Heckscher.

"Die Deutsche Industrie."—(German Industry.)—Given by Mr. Kaemmerer.

"Die Zollfreiheit der Handels wege."—(Free Traffic by Sea and Land.)—Given by Dr. C. L. Heise.

"Die Freihandels-Vereine in allen Ländern."—(The Free Trade Union in all Countries.)—Given by Dr. Asher.

Dr. Bargum then came forward, and begged to say a few more words about their distinguished guest and his principles, which he did in a very appropriate and interesting speech.

Dr. Reisser gave next, the health of the English and German ladies, with great eloquence.

Mr. Cobden rose again to thank the chairman for his able conduct at this meeting. He then said he would give his hearers a few instructions how to put down the arguments of their opponents—the monopolists. These were everywhere the same, and he had been charged in England with all of them, even so far as that he had sold Great Britain to Nicholas, the Emperor of Russia, for £20,000. He advised them to start free trade newspapers as they had commenced already, and not to get tired, but to keep hammering at the subject. He had been teaching 26,000,000 of scholars for seven years, always a, b, c,—a, b, ab,—b, a, ba. "You," he concluded, "first taught me, now go and teach your neighbours."

The meeting then separated at half-past ten o'clock, to the entire satisfaction of every individual present.

DECORATIVE MANUFACTURES.

(From the Spectator.)

If the School of Design has failed in its proper purposes of bringing art and handicraft together, a beginning has been made in that direction by the gentleman who chooses to be known by the name of "Felix Summerly," and who has acted as a voluntary go-between to negotiate the coy approaches of fine art and manufacture. His good humoured assiduity in pursuing his dilettante enterprise has laid him open to easy banter; but the successful can generally endure jesting without chagrin, and Mr. F. Summerly has attained a very tangible amount of success. He has been instrumental in putting forth several specimens of fine art applied to objects of utility, which are highly promising. A collection of them is to be seen at the shop of Mr. Cundall the bookseller in Bond-street. They are executed in various materials, at present mostly in that new artificial stone called "Parian"; some duplicates are in bronze; some of the articles are specially designed for glass ware; but evidently "the principle," as the saying is, can be extended to an infinity of materials, both more and less costly.

Mr. Summerly has been successful because he had begun upon a right principle and has faithfully adhered to it. He has induced those whom he has set to work to make the design spring from the purpose and use of the article designed. That seems to be the true principle of all beauty—perfect fitness for a destined purpose. It is the beauty that captivates us in the living organization,—that which reconciles us, when we penetrate so far, to the otherwise revolting investigations of the dissecting-room; that which charms us in the thousand forms of vegetation, or in mineral structures; and it is the principle which guides the inventive genus of human art. But to develop beauty in works of utility, and to secure for it an abiding embodiment, some other considerations are essential. Any work generally intended for domestic use must meet the requirements of domestic economy: it must be a really convenient form of the article; it must wear well; and it must be so easy of production as to come within a manageable price—be relatively cheap. These essential conditions are restrictions on the designer; but truly inventive genius derives strength from restrictions which are in themselves conditions of some broad truth. The essential conditions, therefore, under which the designer works, are, that his product shall be really useful, durable, and cheap; and then that its outward aspect shall suit and typify its purpose, be of proportions symmetrical, and possess in its more fanciful adornments a harmonious reduplication, a kind of reflective reiteration of ideas typifying its main purpose.

Mr. F. Summerly and his coadjutors attain a rapidly advancing success in meeting these conditions. But some further considerations are necessary to estimate their progress. Experience in these branches of handicraft is scanty: there is a want of mutual knowledge between the artist and the artisan; the artist has yet to ascertain, practically, the bounds of capacity in the several materials and in the skill of the journeymen: the journeyman has to be trained; new and better modes of preparing and handling materials have to be devised.

The glass trade offers a very good illustration of these difficulties. The Excise regulations hindered all experimental practice or improvement. For example, as different duties were levied on glass of different colours by different officers, the operation of joining a bit of green glass to a bit of white glass required the presence of two excise officers; one formally summoned to watch lest any fraud on the revenue should be committed in the handling of the white glass, the other similarly summoned to watch over the manipulation of the bit of green glass and the revenue therefrom derivable. Of course, so troublesome a process of testified parturition, with a separate witness for each limb of a parti-coloured glass jug, was seldom undertaken—in fact never. Our workmen became skilful in the manipulation of white glass alone: but innumerable devices of great effectiveness and beauty depend on the use of colours; and in that occupation, therefore, our workmen are yet in their apprenticeship. Blown glass must be manipulated while it is in a state of fusion; and necessarily it is formed by the eye, which demands a considerable degree of artistic cultivation in the workman: in that respect also much has to be done of the nature assigned to a school of design. Again, it often happens that drawings which are very beautiful on paper cannot be worked out in glass, because the form would be either liable to breakage, demand some process of junction not yet known to the craft, or would entail a degree of expense prohibitory of general sale. All these things are matters which ought to be taught in a school of design; but in default of such opportunity, Mr. F. Summerly and his volunteer coadjutors are feeling their way experimentally.

The few articles which have been produced in this volunteer school, we say, promise well. They are various in kind, original and pleasing in design. A beer jug is a good sample. It is solid and stable; the housewife's rule for jugs, that the neck should be wide enough to admit the hand for cleaning, is observed; hop-poles and the Kentish vine afford good materials for dividing the surface into symmetrical compartments; bas-reliefs represent the history of beer, from the hop-picking to the barrelling; twisted hop-stalks form the handle; and the lid is surmounted by a youthful John Barleycorn, rollicking among sheaves. The design, which is by Mr. H. J. Townsend, is full of thought and animation. In a design for a salt-cellar, a youthful Neptune offers the sea mineral in a shell. A youthful Hymen, kneeling, supports an inkstand, his quiver the pen-place, his torch the stand for a taper. A little group of two children kissing each other form the handle for a letter-weight. Among the most beautiful designs is a water-jug, of clear glass, with handles of gold, and enamelled in the lower part so as to represent the jug as standing amid the pointed leaves of a water-plant. The green leaves rise above half-way, their curved points crossing with an agreeable disorder, and showing between them the crystal stream; the gold handles setting off the cooler tints and stamping the art of man on what might be but a freak of nature. The design is symmetrical, the materials conduce to an effect at once modestly sober and gay, cool and sparkling. Mr. Redgrave is the designer. It is evident from this early specimen that genius will find a thousand living forms to express itself in the changeful and brilliant material. We have mentioned only a few of the articles exhibited in Mr. F. Summerly's collection. The artists associated in this work are, Mr John Bell, Mr. C. W. Cope, A.R.A., Mr. T. Creswick, A.R.A., Mr. J. R. Herbert, R.A., Mr. J. C. Horsley, Mr. S. Joseph, Mr. D. Maclise, R.A., Mr. W. Mulready, R.A., Mr. R. Redgrave, R.A.A., and Mr. H. J. Townsend, another Master who is obliged to cultivate design for handicrafts without the walls of the so-called School of Design.

We notice with pleasure the confirmation of our belief, that designs for handicraft productions, by opening a new and suggestive field for ous artists, will set them free from many trammels of traditional mannerism and develop originality. So it is here, there is a freedom, a spontaneity, a "go" in the figures on some of these designs, endowed with tenfold more life than is to be found in larger and more ambitious works even by the same artists. Mr. Townsend's young Neptune is full of living grace and vigour. And we are less surprised than pleased to hear that the young artists like the sort of work.

THE DEATHS OF THE KINGS OF THE HOUSE OF BRUNSWICK.

(From the Patrician.)

George I. died whilst travelling to visit his favourite German dominions: his death happened in 1727. The King had landed at Vaert, in Holland, on the 7th June, and proceeded from thence to Utrecht by land, being attended by the Dutch guards through the territories of the States. He arrived at Delder on Friday the 9th, about eleven o'clock at night, in all appearance in perfect health. He ate his supper, and, among other things, a part of a melon. Setting out about three the next morning, he had not travelled two hours before he felt some griping pains, and being come to Linden, where his dinner was provided, could eat nothing. He was let blood, and had such remedies as were thought proper given him. Being desirous to reach Hanover, he bid his people drive on with all speed, and, falling into a lethargic paralysis, he said to the gentleman in the carriage, "*C'est fait de moi.*" At ten at night he arrived at the palace of his brother, the Duke of York, at Osnaburg; but his lethargy increasing, he expired about midnight. George I. was in the 68th year of his age, and reigned over Great Britain twelve years, ten months, and ten days.

George II. died very suddenly of a rupture of the aorta, at Kensington Palace, about 7 o'clock in the morning of the 25th of October, 1760. The King was a remarkably early riser, and on that morning he, as usual, lighted his own fire, drank his chocolate, looked out of the window to see how the wind was, and said that he would take a walk in the gardens. His chocolate-maker, however, who was the last person with his Majesty, observed him sigh as he left the room, and shortly afterwards heard a noise like the falling of a billet of wood from the fire, on which he returned and found the King dropt from the chair, as if he had been in the act of attempting to ring the bell. Proper assistance was immediately procured, and he was put to bed, but without any appearance of life, and in a very little while his death was certain. He was in the 77th year of his age, and the 34th of his reign.

The energetic life of George III. had a sad conclusion. Dark indeed was the shadow that set upon his declining years. In December, 1811, the King became mentally dead. The period of glory that ensued was unheeded by him. He who had so dearly loved England and her greatness could no longer share in the triumphant rejoicings of his people. His passage from this melancholy state of aberration into death was calm and tranquil. His bodily health had continued good till within two or three months of his dissolution; but he had not enjoyed a lucid interval since the beginning of the Regency. His Majesty's recollection of past events was exact; and occasional sketches of his early ministers often formed the subject of his lonely soliloquies at Windsor. He had long been totally blind and almost deaf; and from the aversion he had to any of his attendants rendering him personal assistance, his beard had been suffered to grow to an almost patriarchal length. Before his deafness, he frequently amused himself with an harpsichord, and seldom played anything but the music of his favourite Handel. The Duke of York, Lords Henley and Winchelsea, and General Taylor, were present when the King died. The tolling of the bell at St. Paul's towards midnight on the 29th January, 1820, announced that George III. was no more; and although the mercy of Providence, in his removal, could not but be acknowledged, men sighed when the news brought with it the recollection of what he once had been. His death happened in the 82d year of his age, and the 60th of his reign.

The very *éclat* that attached to the personal appearance and manners of George IV. made him shrink into himself when came the period of disease and infirmity. His latter life was in seclusion: his death-bed was in solitude. No relation attended at his last moments, and, as with Henry VIII., the fatal news was broken to him by his physician. The details of his demise are these.

For many years the King had been scarcely ever free from the gout, but its attacks had been resisted by the uncommon strength of his constitution. His life had, in consequence, been retired. During the spring of 1829 he resided at St. James's Palace, where he gave a ball to the juvenile branches of the nobility, to which the Princess Victoria and the young Queen of Portugal were invited. Mostly his time was spent within the limits of the Royal domain at Windsor; his out-door amusements consisted of sailing and fishing on the Virginia Water, or a drive in a pony-phaeton in the magnificent purlieus of the forest. When the weather was unfavourable, the light reading of the day or the drama was resorted to. Almost uninterrupted attacks of illness disturbed his seclusion, while they offered an inducement to its continuance. Pains of the eyes and defective vision, gout in the feet and hands, and, lastly, the great malady of his family, dropsy—to which the Duke of York and his sister had fallen victims—by turns befel him. In April, his malady assumed a decisive character, and bulletins began to be issued. He had reached his 68th year. In May, a commission was appointed to affix the Royal signature; the King signifying his consent by the word of mouth. Before his death, it was with difficulty he could whisper his verbal affirmative; about a week before he died, his physician delicately announced to him the inevitable catastrophe. "God's will be done;" was the reply. The King's faculties continued unimpaired to the last moment. On administering to him the last sacrament, the Bishop of Chichester reminded him of the Duke of Sussex; when the King charged the prelate, after his death, to carry a message to the Duke, saying all offences were forgotten, and to assure him of fraternal affection. His Majesty's sufferings were very great; during the paroxysms of pain, his moans were heard even by the sentinels on duty in the quadrangle. On the night of the 25th, his cough was unusually painful, and he motioned a page to alter his position on his couch. Towards three o'clock he felt a sudden attack of the bowels, a violent discharge of blood ensued, and his Majesty on being taken from the bed, appeared to be fainting. At this moment he attempted to raise his hand to his breast, and faintly ejaculated, "Oh, God! I am dying;" and two or three seconds after, he said, "This is death." The king was removed to his couch and the physicians called. Before they arrived, the glaze of death was over the eyes of the monarch, and George the Fourth had ceased to breathe. This occurred on the 26th June, 1830. The King had been Regent since 1811, and Sovereign since 1820.

The kind and good King William had a truly Christian death. He departed from life amid the general and unfeigned lamentations of his subjects. His Majesty expired at twelve minutes past two o'clock, on Tuesday morning, the 20th June, 1836, in the presence of the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Dean of Hereford, and other dignitaries. On the previous Sunday he received the sacrament from the Archbishop. He had expressed a wish to survive the anniversary of the battle of Waterloo on the 18th, and so far he was gratified. The Duke of Wellington came and laid upon his bed the flag commemorative of the victory, by which act his Grace has tenure of Strathfieldsay. It was also a singular circumstance, that one of the last deeds of the dying king, whose life had been so mild and merciful, was to sign the pardon of a condemned criminal. Shortly after this, a distressing cough, extreme oppression in breathing, and very languid circulation, left little hope of recovery. He was lethargic, but conscious to the last of the presence of those on whom his affections were fixed. He was fervent in his expressions of religious hope, and just before breathing his last, faintly articulating, "Thy will be done." Queen Adelaide had been unremitting in her attentions; was scarcely ever away from the sick chamber, and for twelve days did not take off her clothes. The humblest person in the realm could not have exceeded her in the exercise of the last sad duties of affection, and in the kind offices she rendered to her afflicted consort. A *post mortem* examination showed the nature of the disease; exhibiting a general tendency to ossification and decay about the heart, the lungs, and other vital organs. His Majesty was in the 73rd year of his age, and had completed within a few days the seventh year of his reign.

ODDS AND ENDS.

(From late European papers.)

At Ashley Down, near Bristol, a large asylum is being erected at a cost of £10,000 for a sect known as Mullerites.—Not long ago an eminent special pleader was at Drury Lane Theatre, seeing the play of Macbeth. In the scene where Macbeth questions the witches in their cavern, "What is't you do?" they answer —"A *deed* without a name." The phrase struck the sagacious lawyer, and he immediately remarked to a friend, "A deed without a name? why 'tis void."—The *Tablet* asserts that some circumstances which had been revealed in confession to Puseyite clergymen of the church of England, have afterwards become publicly known, and that journal attributes those disclosures to the fact that several of these clergymen are married.—In the year 1737 Three per Cent. Consols obtained the price of 107 per cent., which was the highest ever known; and on the 20th of September, 1797, when the failure of the attempt to negotiate with the French Republic became known, they fell to 47⅞, the lowest point they ever reached.—A correspondent of the *Sunderland Herald* advises the young men in shops to start a "Don't-court-the-lasses-who-go-a-shopping-after-six-o'clock league." He thinks it would be effectual.—Anticipating another scarcity of provisions, the treasury have reappointed twenty-three of the one hundred and twenty naval and military officers who served under the Relief Commission in Ireland last year, in superintending the distribution of provisions.—The average earnings of 420 prisoners at Pentonville prison, for the last year, was £5 3s. 2½d.—A gentleman lately inserted an apology in the shape of an advertisement in the *Times*, for passing a friend in the street without speaking.—A mechanic in America has invented a machine for seminaries, which, by means of steam, not only warms the room but flogs the boys on a graduated scale, according to their offence.—In consequence of the disposal of the property within the confines of the Old Gaol at Aylesbury, the body of John Tawell, who was executed about two years since for the murder of Sarah Hart, at Salt Hill, has just been disinterred by order of the visiting justices, and again buried within the precincts of the New Prison.—Ten Sisters of Charity of Cambray are on the point of taking their departure for China. So zealous are the sisters that the superiors of the sisterhood are obliged to make a selection from the great number who offer themselves.—Mr. William Ray Smee estimates the annual income of Great Britain at £488,000,000, of which amount only £185,000,000 or rather more than one-third, is charged with income tax.—An American paper has this advertisement:—"Two sisters *want washing*."—Theodore Hook, when dining with the author of a work called *Three words to the Drunkard*, was asked to review it. "Oh, my dear fellow, that I have done already in three words—*pass the bottle*."—The Pope has requested that the sums subscribed for the erection of monuments to him throughout his states shall be applied to the more useful purpose of erecting an asylum for aged persons at Rome.—At the sitting of the Bavarian Chamber of Deputies on the 19th ultimo, a motion for the total abolition of lotteries was unanimously adopted.—It is stated that arrangements are making, and nearly completed, between the English and the French Governments, for the acceleration of the mails; and that, if carried out, the despatches from London will arrive in Paris at ten o'clock in the morning after being posted.—According to the *Augsburg Gazette*, the French Government have despatched Count Lallemand and M. Eugene Boré, from Constantinople into Syria, to inquire into the state of affairs there, particularly as to the condition of the Syrian Christians.—The Minister of Finance in Belgium has given orders to the Customs' officers of the frontiers, that for the future personal examination of passengers, especially of females, shall not take place unless almost certain indications of fraud shall exist.—Captain M'Manns, of the Mississippi Volunteers, says *Burritt's Christian Citizen*, weighed 180 lbs. when he went to Mexico, and has returned weighing but 90: War wastes men's substance. Colonel Carroll, of Virginia, has recently entered on a novel speculation. He has purchased a large island in Chesapeake Bay and stocked it with black cats. He intends to trade in the fur of the animals, which is said to be valuable.—The *New York Commercial Advertiser* relates, as a fact, that an agricultural labourer having invested fifty dollars with his employer, who said the interest would be three dollars a-year, took him (the employer) three dollars at the year's end, to pay the interest for taking care of the money!—Lord Stowell, who never was a sportsman, being asked what his brother, Lord Eldon, usually killed when he was at Encombe, answered, "Nothing but time."——A lady who was a strict observer of etiquette, being unable to go to church one Sunday, sent her card!—A wag in Pennsylvania not long since purchased a fine horse. Returning from a ride a few days afterwards, he said he had discovered a quality in this animal which added fifty dollars to its value—it shied at a bum bailiff!—The *New York Sun* mentions the bewilderment of a country Jonathan the first time he saw an elephant—'thunder and spikes,' exclaimed he, 'what critter with two tails have we got here?'—A vessel which arrived at Bristol, from Odessa, has brought ten casks of Russian potatoes.—Some Danish horses have been imported into Dundee, and have been sold at good prices.—The quantity of goats' wool imported into the United Kingdom in 1847, was 1,287,320lbs.—Mr. D. M'Dermott, of the Munster bar, has been appointed Roman Catholic Secretary to the Board of Charitable Bequests; a post vacated by the death of Mr. R. O'Carroll. The nomination to the office was virtually vested in Archbishop Crolly.—A person being asked what was meant by the realities of life, answered—"Real estate, real money, and a real good dinner, none of which could be realised without real hard work."—In the space of 713 years England and France were at war 262 years.—The Commissioners of Woods and Forests have erected a gymnasium on the ground at the foot of Primrose-hill, which will be open to the use of the public under certain regulations.—"Pa, has time got legs?" "Yes, Tom, and mighty long ones. Why do you ask?" Because the papers speaks about lapse of time, and folks as has laps must have legs to make 'em of, you know."—The good-service pension at the disposal of the Government by the death of Captain Willes has been conferred on Sir John Ross.—Earl Fitzhardinge has given orders that all parties, farmers, or gentlemen, who supported the Hon. Grantley Berkeley, at the recent election, and who may be found sporting on his lands, are to be *warned off*.—"Revenons à nos Moutons," as the young lady who had been learning French by the Hamiltonian system said, when she gave up camphine, and returned to the primitive tallow candles.——The following strange notice was posted up last week in several parts of the church of St Thomas d'Aquin in Paris:—"Found in the Rue du Bac pieces of the True Cross. The person who lost them may reclaim them at the sacristy of this church."—The Rev. A. Smith, of Airdrie, has been consecrated coadjutor to the Roman Catholic Bishop of Glasgow.—A new fever hospital is about to be erected in Edinburgh, where fever is very prevalent.—The time-table of the London and North Western Railway Company has become so voluminous that an index is requisite to facilitate its examination.—A lobster, such as has seldom been seen in Europe, was brought over by the Cambria from Halifax. It weighed no less than twenty-six pounds.—The Glasgow testimonial to Sir Harry Smith took the form of an epergne, valued at £450, which having been presented, Sir Harry returned a very handsome letter of thanks.—The express train from London to Liverpool, via the Trent Valley line, will perform the distance—viz. 200 miles—in five hours or at the rate of 40 miles in the hour.—A gallant New England knight of the quill, describing a country dance, says, "The gorgeous strings of glass beads now glisten on the heaving bosoms of the village belles, like polished rubies resting on the surface of warm apple dumplings."—The elected of Cambridge, Messrs. Adair and Campbell, in preference to incurring expense, in the ceremony of "chairing," gave £100 to local charities.—Captain Voules has been appointed manager of the convict establishment, Mr. John Henry Capper, late superintendent, having retired on a pension, owing to the exposures made in the House of Commons by Mr. Dunscombe of Mr. Capper's gross mismanagement.—A party of Monks, says the *Bristol Gazette*, have established themselves at Spring-park, near Stroud, and are daily seen walking in the neighbourhood with "cowl and sandalled shoon," to the great astonishment of the rustics.—Two hundred and twenty clerks, besides messengers, are employed in the money order department of the London Post Office. Upon the average 10,000 letters of advice are received every morning.—A correspondent of the *Glasgow Examiner*, a "wee pawnbroker," of whom there are more than 200, all Irishmen, in that city, says:—"There was one woman, I am sure she was seventy, who for many weeks came with her spectacles three or four times a-day, on which I lent a penny, she paying three halfpence when she lifted them, just that she might get a glass."—The journeymen masons of the metropolis have obtained from their employers a boon for which they have been vigorously striving—the cessation of their labour at four o'clock on Saturdays.—The will of Mr. Jameson, the eminent Dublin distiller, has been proved in the Prerogative Court. The personal property is sworn under £151,000.—We understand, says the *Scotsman*, that Mr. Macdonald, distiller, Ben Nevis (better known as "Long John"), has received the Queen's permission, dated on board the royal yacht off Campbelltown, to present the Prince of Wales with a cask of whisky, to be kept at Buckingham Palace till his Royal Highness is of age.—How is it that delicate young ladies, too delicate to run up and down stairs in their own houses, are able to dance down the strongest men in a hot ball room? 'Tis a phenomenon of nature, of which no one seems capable of giving an explanation.—By the returns of collections under the Queen's letter, in aid of the National Society for Promoting the Education of the Poor on the principles of the Established Church, it appears that the total amount contributed by the diocese of London is £33,863 12s. 3d.—A lady, well known in the fashionable world, was walking down Regent-street, London, and everybody was staring at her new shawl. Presently, her husband discovered a large ticket, on which was written "Very chaste, four guineas." [illegible] been determined to erect in Perth, [illegible] connection with the Episcopal Church in Scotland, a cathedral on a magnificent scale.—A coloured gentleman told the Anti-Slavery Convention that he thought the prejudice against his race did not originate in their complexion, black being very popular; otherwise a man would not pay six cents to get his boots blacked, when he could get them whitewashed for half the money.—The Electric Telegraph Company have now nearly 2000 miles of wire laid down.—The Rev. Mr. Stewart advised three questions to be put to ourselves before speaking evil of any man: first, is it true? Second, is it kind? Third, is it necessary?—In 1841 the population of Paris was 935,261; the census recently published makes the total 1,053,897; showing an increase of 118,636 in five years.

Quackery.—In Aylesbury the sale of ducks realises £15,000 a year; in Norfolk and Cambridge the small farmers pay their rents with the produce of their poultry. Mr. Bayley stated at a meeting lately held in St. Alban's, that in nine years he sold £81,000, and that in the same period he and his father sold conjointly £200,000 worth of poultry, and also that during those nine years he paid £3000 in wages. In Kent and Surrey £300,000 is received for poultry. It has been proved that a hen is more profitable than one ewe.—*Keene's Bath Journal.*

The Knowsley Festivities.—Tuesday was the day appointed for the commencement of the festivities at Knowsley, in honour of the eldest son of Lord Stanley coming of age. It was originally intended that on that day there should have been a cricket match between the Knowsley Club, assisted by the gentlemen and relatives of the noble earl assembled at the hall, and the gentlemen of the Edge-hill Cricket Club; but unfortunately, the extreme inclemency of the weather, and the softness of the newly-made cricket ground at Knowsley, prevented the match from coming off. However, during that day, most of the noblemen and gentlemen at the hall amused themselves, though there was a continuous downfall of rain from an early hour, by shooting in the spacious grounds and preserves of the Earl of Derby. In the evening about sixty noblemen and gentlemen graced the dinner party in the magnificent dining-hall. It was served up at half-past seven o'clock, and consisted of all the delicacies and varieties of the season. Yesterday about eighty gentlemen sat down to dinner in the same elegant and spacious apartment. The company consisted of Lord and Lady Sefton, Lord and Lady Stanley, the Honorable Mr. Stanley (the eldest son of Lord Stanley), and Lord Skelmersdale, the maternal grandfather of the youthful heir; Lord Clive, Lord Anson, the Earl of Wilton, the Honorable Mrs. Wilbraham, Mr. and Lady Charlotte Penrhyn, Lady Hopwood, Colonel Stanley, Admiral Hornby, Colonel Hornby, &c., the Earl of Derby presiding. Prior, however, to this banquet, about eight hundred of the Earl of Derby's labourers, and other dependents, were entertained at dinner in a spacious marquee erected in the demesne, a short distance to the south-west of the hall. The marquee is about 220 feet in length by 40 in width, and the oil-cloth covering with which it is overlaid made it impervious to the wet. After dinner, and after the enjoyment of the best of old English cheer, bottled for the last seventeen or twenty years, a series of rustic sports took place upon the grounds for the amusement of the numerous company. To-morrow, it is expected, will be the great day of festivities. On that occasion there will be a great ball, which is designated a country ball, at which between seven and eight hundred of the *élite* of the country are expected to be present, comprising the names of all the nobility and gentry resident not merely in the country districts, but in the several boroughs and municipalities which form part and parcel of this extensive country. Friday is fixed for a dinner to the noble earl's tenants. It will take place in the grand ball-room; and between 450 and 500 of his lordship's tenants are expected to sit down on the occasion. The earl will preside; and Lord Stanley and his lordship's eldest son will both be present. The evening will close with a ball in the grand ball-room, at which upwards of one thousand of the tenantry and their families will be present. On Saturday, the children of the charity schools on the noble earl's estate will be entertained in the demesne; and on that day, if the weather permits, the cricket match, postponed from Tuesday, will be played in the new cricket-ground. On Monday, the festivities will be brought to a close with a ball, which will be given to the numerous servants at the Hall, and their relatives, friends, and acquaintances.—*Liverpool Times.*

Bills of Exchange from India.—At a special meeting of the Liverpool East India and China Association, held on the 22nd of September, Mr. Charles Turner in the chair, it was unanimously resolved, "That, in the opinion of this association, the term of ten months' date, at which bills of exchange are usually drawn from Calcutta upon England, is unnecessarily long for the legitimate purpose of commerce, and gives encouragement to undue speculation and accommodation; that a bill drawn from Calcutta upon England, at six months' sight, would, in the opinion of this association, afford ample facilities to the merchants connected with India for carrying on their business; that whilst this association would not wish to throw any difficulties in the way of such fair accommodation as may be necessary to the carrying on a distant trade like that of India, they are of opinion that ten months' credit upon a bill of exchange is not requisite for this purpose; that it is attended with very great risk, by giving an undue extension to credit." The resolution went on to advise the members of the propriety of discouraging the negociation of ten months' bills, and of endeavouring to establish an uniform usage of six months' bills.—*Manchester Guardian.*

Is that a Musquito?—"And so you're going out to the East Ingies, my darlint, Mrs. Marooney!" said an old Irish crone to the wife of a soldier about to embark for Madras. 'I've been in them parts myself, and well do I remember the torments I went through night and day with the muskeatoes. They have long suckers hanging down from their heads, and they'll draw the life-blood out of ye before you can say 'peas'." This terrifying account lived in the memory of the young woman; the vessel made the Madras road, the decks were soon crowded, all hands delighted at sight of land, Mrs. Marooney amongst the rest; but her joy was of short duration, for on the shore she perceived an elephant; horror-struck at the sight, and in breathless agitation, she approached the mate, exclaiming with uplifted hands, "Holy mother! is that a muskeato?"—*American Sun.*

A Dantzic Ball Dress, forty years since.—At last an ell was added to my stature by a monstrous tower of hair, which was built upon a wire and horsehair frame, and which was crowned with flowers, feathers, and ribbons. The white heels of my ball shoes, which were adorned with golden ties, contributed to counterbalance the disproportion in my little person at its other extremity; though they fell far short of the preposterous height of my head dress, yet they raised my heels so far from the ground as to pitch me on the tips of my toes. A pair of stays, with the whalebones close together, of a thickness sufficient to turn a musket ball, forced back the arms and shoulders, and threw the chest forward; down towards the hips it was laced so tightly as to make one's figure resemble that of a wasp. The most sensible part of the corset, which restricted all freedom and motion, was a pretty stout iron, which kept its pressure off the breast. And now the hooped petticoat! over which was worn a silk dress, with flounces and all kinds of indescribable trimmings up to the knee, and over all a robe of the same material, with a long train. In front, this last mentioned garment was far from meeting, and on each side it was ornamented in the same style as the gown; the neck and bosom were allowed to be more exposed than is now thought becoming; the whole was completed with an immense bouquet of artificial flowers. The sleeves only reached to the elbows, and were richly trimmed with blond lace and ribbons to the shoulders. This was, however, the dress only of the young ladies; our mammas wore splendid ruffles of blond or expensive point lace, such as may be seen in portraits of that time. Long sleeves were not worn at all even for every-day dress; hardened by habit, we did not suffer more from cold than we do now.—*Autobiography of Madame Schopenhauer.*

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GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.
TUESDAY, MARCH 7, 1848.

IMPOUNDINGS.

FLOUGHED GROUND.—On the 28th February, from Bolangeo, by B. Carter:—Bay mare, black points, branded R reversed with C or R reversed with G neck near side, blotched brand near shoulder, white star in forehead, about six years old, about 16 hands high, damages 2s. Bay filly, black points, branded R reversed with G near side neck, same brand off shoulder, about three years old, about 15½ hands high, damages 2s. E. GRAY. 9s. 9d.

TARALGA.—On the 22nd February, from Bolom:—Bay entire horse, long tail and star in forehead, hind fetlock white, fifteen hands high, and supposed to be T over DS, on the off shoulder, about four years old, branded 4 on the near shoulder, damages on the above horse £5. If the above horse is not released on or before the 1st April, he will be sold. D. RANKIN. 9s. 6d.

GOULBURN.—On the 28th February: White ox, brand near ribs CB, near rump TI, off ribs T, off shoulder TI. Black and white spotted ox, BB over TC off rump, TO off shoulder. Red ox, white back and belly. SJ off rump and ribs, 3 off shoulder. Red ox, white belly, brand HB off rump, RC near rump. Red snail horned ox, C-S over 3 off ribs. Red ox, brand off rump and shoulder PJ. Strawberry ox, off shoulder By, off rump JN. Brown cow and calf, near hip Jy, illegible off shoulder. Strawberry ox, right horn broken, LC or LG right hip and shoulder, illegible left hip. Strawberry poley ox, MR off rump. Red cow, DG off rump, TN off hip, calf at foot. Red and white spotted bull, no brand, near ear marked. Red and white cow, JxB near ribs, both ears marked, like B and M right hip. Red and white spotted ox, ID right ribs. Red and white ox, M within circle off rump. Brindle ox, left rump HC. Brindle heifer, off rump MO over 2, shoulder g. Red steer, right rump and shoulder JD. Red ox, left rump HT. Red and white ox, left rump HT. Red and white poley ox, right rump TB. Dark brown ox, off rump IH, and 2 off neck. If these cattle are not released in 21 days they will be sold. J. MARSDEN. 16s.

BIRTHS.

At her residence, Darlinghurst, on the 5th instant, Mrs. Kellie, of a daughter.

At St. Clement's Parsonage, Yass, on the 27th February, the wife of the Rev. Charles Ferdinand Brigstocke, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

On Thursday last, March 2nd, at the Baptist Chapel, Bathurst-street, by the Rev. J Ham, Mr. Vince Carr, of Pennant Hills, to Miss Hannah Thompson, of Parramatta.

DIED.

At 494, George-street, Sydney, on Tuesday, 7th March, John Saunders, youngest son of Mr. Hugh Dixson.

TWO POUNDS REWARD.—Whereas the undersigned lent his Mare to William Byatt, a prisoner of the Crown, to ride to Hyde Park, under the pretence of obtaining his ticket-of-leave on Saturday, the 4th March, and the said William Byatt not having returned the said Mare, the above reward will be given to any person who will return the said Mare, saddle, and bridle, to Mr. William Cutts, Star Inn, Parramatta Road; or to James Sanders, South Creek Inn, near Penrith; or the undersigned.

The following is a description of the said Mare:—A bay Mare, with black points, about fifteen hands high, short switch tail, branded on the near shoulder JK JB.

The following is a description of William Byatt, who is a prisoner of the Crown:—

Name, William Byatt; ship, Bengal Merchant; year of arrival, 1835; native place, Essex; trade or calling, labourer; age, 32; height, 5 feet 4¼ upwards; complexion, brown and freckled; hair, light sandy; eyes, grey. General remarks—Lost three front upper teeth, scar left side of upper lip, speaks through his nose, scar back of fore finger of right hand.

WILLIAM BOND.

March 7. 4265

TEN SHILLINGS REWARD.—STRAYED, away from Smithfield, a Chesnut Horse; branded on the off side of the neck S, stout rat tail, sore shoulder from collar, on one hind foot hoof split, on the off side of the rump round lump, spur marks on both flanks; supposed to be running on Lady Wylde's run, or near Cabramatta. Whosoever finding the same, and bringing it to W. Hatton, Boot and Shoemaker, Smithfield, shall receive the above reward. If found in anyone's possession after this date, the parties will be prosecuted according as the law directs. 4306

LOST, on Sunday Evening, a cockatoo, an old bird, and talks very plain, supposed to have been picked up about Queen's-place. Whoever will return the same to the undersigned will be liberally rewarded.

F. WHITWORTH,
Oil and Colourman,
582, Lower George-street.

March 7. 4297

PRIVATE BOARD AND LODGING, in a respectable family, terms moderate. Apply to Mr. JAMES CASWELL, Fort-street North, opposite Mr. R. Campbell's. 4263

ADVANTAGEOUS SITUATION.—TO LET, the Shop and House in King-street adjoining Mr. T. WOOLLEY'S Iron Yard; to whom apply. 4271

TO MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.

TO LET, with or without the STORES, the commodious residence and premises of Mr. A. SILLITOE, opposite ST. JAMES'S CHURCH, replete with every comfort and convenience, consisting of dining and breakfast rooms on the ground floor, two very handsome suites of six rooms each on the first and second floors, (including drawing-rooms, &c.,) together with three excellent Cellars, detached Kitchens, &c.

They are admirably adapted besides for Barrister's Chambers, Solicitor's or Attorney's Offices, or any occupation requiring extensive accommodation, &c.

Apply to Mr. STUBBS, at the Mart, King-street; or on the Premises, between the hours of 9 and 12 in the forenoon.

Sydney, February 21. 3475

TO BE LET, those commodious Offices, No. 555, George-street, lately occupied by G. C. Turner, Esq., and the Loan Company. Possession will be given immediately.

ALSO.

To be let, the Dwelling-house in Hunter-street, with coach-house, stable, and out-offices detached, at present occupied by Henry Armitage, Esq.

Possession will be given on the 6th day of May next. Apply to Mr. John Davis, Harrington-street, Church-hill; or to

DUNSMURE AND LONGMORE,
3929 Bligh-street

TO BE LET, with immediate possession, the ground floor and cellars of the house, No. 478, George-street, Sydney, together with other apartments, or the whole house if required. Apply on the premises to

R. HENRY WAY,
233 Solicitor and Notary.

PUBLIC-HOUSE TO LET—To let, a public-house, with immediate possession, for which the small sum only of £40 is required for license, good-will, bar fittings, &c. Apply between the hours of nine and twelve o'clock this day, to

JOHN HART,
General Agent and Broker,
No. 133, King-street, the same premises as the *Chronicle* newspaper Office. 4277

TO LET, that highly desirable and commodious Residence and Garden, situate in Elizabeth-street South, and at present occupied by Mr. Thomas Woolley. For further particulars and cards to view, apply to Mr. EDWARD SALAMON, Auctioneer and Agent, 446, George-street. 4157

TO LET, on the Newtown Road, four miles from Sydney, a two-story brick house, with stable and chaise house, with garden, orchard, and grass paddock, in all ten acres; or, without the orchard. Enquire at the office of C. N. HUNT, Upholstery Warehouse, Jamison-street.

Wanted, a bricklayer. 4286

FOREST LODGE.—To Let, that delightful Residence at the Glebe, known as above, consisting of seven rooms, pantry, store-room, kitchen, coach-house, stable, and other detached offices. The garden and paddocks comprise about 2½ acres ground, the former stocked with choice fruit trees, &c. Immediate possession can be had. For terms apply to Mr. EDWARD SALAMON, Auctioneer and Agent, 446, George-street. 4159

TO LET, the commodious family Residence, and tastefully arranged garden and grounds, at the Glebe, recently occupied by R. J. Want, Esq. For full particulars and cards to view apply to Mr. EDWARD SALAMON, Auctioneer and Agent, 446, George-street. 4158

TO LET, the splendid mansion and grounds of Point Piper, formerly the residence of Daniel Cooper, Esq.

Rose Bay Cottage and Grounds, the late residence of James Holt, Esq.,

And,

Some SWAMPY portions of land on the Point Piper and Waterloo Mills Estates, suitable for MARKET GARDENERS.

Also,

On Building Leases, some admirable sites for Villa Residences on the Point Piper property.

Apply to Mr. JAMES COOPER, Engehurst, Glenmore-road, second gate from Mr. Cape's. 3976

TO BE LET.—At Regentville, with immediate possession, on such terms as may be agreed upon (together or separately) the Steam Flour Mill and Cloth Factory attached, in full and complete working order, the former consisting of two pairs of stones, with dressing and smutting machines. The Cloth Factory, comprising two pairs of stocks, sawing machines, a cutter woolar, slubbing billy, a larder, and scribbler engine, (with spare cards and spindles), two pairs of mules, washing machine and dying apparatus complete. For further particulars apply on the premises to Mr. JOHN SHAW, who is at present conducting the same, or if by letter (post paid) to Mr RUSSELL, Regentville. 4034

THE ROYAL HOTEL,
GOULBURN.

TO BE LET for a term of years, as may be agreed on.

The proprietor of the above being about retiring from business, is desirous of letting on a lease that extensive and splendid Family Hotel, now in full trade, known as the Royal Hotel. It is replete with every convenience and comfort, and is warranted in asserting that no expense has been spared to render this establishment one of the most commodious and handsome buildings in the colony, being admirably adapted for the business it was built for, having been erected by the present occupier and proprietor specially for carrying on the licensed trade, in which he has been successful. Such a rare opportunity for parties securing a first-rate business seldom occurring for realising a fortune.

The Royal Hotel has a frontage of sixty-six feet, with an elevation of —— feet, stuccoed and ornamented with a handsome balcony the entire length of the building, containing, with all necessary out-houses, twenty-two rooms, spacious cellarage, and stabling. It stands on an area of one acre of ground, the whole substantially enclosed with a carriage entrance on each side of the house.

Its situation for business is most centrical, being in the very heart of the town and traffic, where all must pass and repass, situate in the principal street (Aubry) of the township.

The rising prosperity of this rich district will always ensure its advancement, being the great depôt for the southern outlet and Port Phillip country, where mails from all parts meet. The Government have also made this an Assize town, and also where Quarter Sessions are held, causing a great influx of strangers to be continually arriving and departing.

The ground floor contains a spacious lofty entrance hall, beautifully gilded and painted, coffee room, and parlour, three bed rooms, and pantry.

The upper story has three large sized sitting rooms, two of which are with folding doors, and when opened form a handsome ball room, with five bed rooms.

The entire rooms of the house are capacious and lofty, and all the sitting rooms throughout are fitted up with register stoves.

The Billiard Room is the upper story of a substantial detached building, being 36 feet long, 20 feet wide, and 14 feet high, and fitted up with one of Thurston's best tables, and revolving lamps.

There is also a detached Cottage, which will answer for a small family or nursery.

The out-houses consist of large kitchens, laundry, bake-house, fowl-house, &c., &c.

THE STABLE

Is the most complete of its kind, being a brick building of 120 feet in the length, fitted up with stalls and boxes for thirteen horses, which can be used to contain double the number, with coach-house, harness room, parapet roof, and loft entire, that will hold twenty tons of hay; there is also a good well of water, with a garden.

The entire premises will be let in first-rate order, and its capabilities are so well known, that they scarce require comment; but in order to give parties some idea who are not acquainted with this superb establishment, it is necessary to state that persons of every grade can be accommodated, from the highest in the state to the humblest member of society, and the proprietor is proud in stating that he has been so honoured, and is still so patronised, which can be secured to any other person conducting this old established hotel on the same principles, where private families can have their suite of rooms, public dinners and balls got up with facility and convenience, and with every other requisite to suit all classes.

THE BAR

Is highly ornamented, tastefully gilded, and decorated with a handsome painted imitation crimson drapery, pole, and hangings, painted ceiling and centre, gilt casks and bottles, fitted up with beer engine and spirit fountain, counter and shelving with turned pillars.

None but principals will be treated with.

The whole of the furniture and fixtures can be taken at a valuation, if required or declined.

Possession will be given on the 1st July, 1848, and security required for the rent.

For further particulars enquire of Mr. S. Moses, on the premises, and all letters must be pre-paid. 4037

SALES BY AUCTION.

COLONIAL TOBACCO.
MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474 George-street,
THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY,
At 11 o'clock,

12 KEGS OF COLONIAL TOBACCO.

A good sample, and will be sold without reserve.

Terms—Cash. 4199

WHITE HERRINGS.
JUST LANDED.
MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street,
THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY,
At 11 o'clock,
Without Reserve.

16 BARRELS WHITE HERRINGS.

Terms—Cash. 4285

SALTED HIDES AND BUTTER.
MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street,
THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY,
At 11 o'clock,

A SMALL LOT OF SALTED HIDES
And
7 Casks of Butter, suitable for the use of pastry cooks and confectioners.

Terms—Cash. 4200

TO OWNERS OF COASTING VESSELS AND TRADERS.
MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street,
ON SATURDAY, 12TH INSTANT,
At 11 o'clock,

5 TIERCES BEEF
2 Ditto Pork
2 Ditto Tongues.
Without Reserve.

Terms—Cash. 4283

COFFEE,
SAUCES CARRAWAYS
CAPERS COLMAN'S BLUE
SALMON MUSTARD
PASTES CASTOR OIL
ALMONDS, &c.
MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George street,
THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY,
At 11 o'clock,
(Without any reserve.)

10 BAGS FINE JAVA COFFEE
6 Cases assorted sauces
1 Case half-pint capers
50 Kegs anchovy salmon
1 Case anchovy paste
1 Case herring paste
2 Bags carraways
3 Cases Colman's blue
3 Cases half-pound mustards
5 Cases castor oil
Also,—
SEVERAL PACKAGES OF NEW
Jordan almonds
Valencia ditto
And soft shell ditto

Terms at sale. 4201

BOTTLED FRUITS, ESSENCE ANCHOVIES, MUSCATELS, LIVERPOOL SOAP, BLACK PEPPER, GINGER, &c.
MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474. George street,
THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY,
At 11 o'clock,

6 CASES BOTTLED FRUITS
3 Cases essence anchovy
14 Half and whole boxes muscatels
18 Boxes Liverpool soap
11 Bags ground pepper
17 Bags whole pepper
13 Bags ginger.
&c., &c., &c.,

Terms at sale. 4284

HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS,
MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street,
THIS MORNING,
At eleven,

THE following HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS, the property of a person leaving the colony
Dining tables, cane seat chairs
Iron bedsteads, sideboards
Fenders and irons, children's chairs
Stretchers, cutlery, glass
Kitchen utensils, &c., &c.

Terms—Cash. 4295

1280 ACRES ON THE WILLIAM RIVER,
A VERY VALUABLE PASTORAL AND AGRICULTURAL FARM.
MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD

HAS been favoured with instructions from Michael Henderson, Esquire, to submit for unreserved sale by public competition, at the City Mart Sale Rooms,

ON MONDAY, 27TH MARCH,
At 12 o'clock,

A very valuable estate of 1280 acres of rich land, well known as Kimmerghame, situate about five miles from Raymond Terrace and three miles from the William River, adjoined by the excellent estates of the late Richard Windeyer, Esq., and by those of James Caswell, Esq., and other influential gentlemen.

This land has been a primary selection, and great care was taken by the proprietor that it should be some of the choicest land in that favourite and flourishing district. The whole of the property is enclosed by a substantial fence, and a great portion of it subdivided into good paddocks. There is also a good hut, with plenty of garden ground well enclosed. Several paddocks have been under cultivation; and the residue of the estate is composed of remarkably good forest and bush land.

With respect to the situation, the auctioneer does not consider it at all needful to say much, it being so well known that the neighbourhood of the William River has always been considered one of the most favoured locations in the colony; and this farm having the high road from Raymond Terrace to Port Stephens and New England run through it, has a particular claim upon the attention of any person in want of a really good property.

THE TERMS

Will be very liberal, and a large portion of the money may remain upon mortgage for a term of years. 4085

PUBLIC SALE OF DRAPERY AND FANCY GOODS.

MR. J. RICKARDS will sell, at his Rooms, George-street,
THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, 8TH MARCH,
At 11 o'clock,

The undermentioned assortment of Drapery and Fancy Goods, viz.:—
2 Cases plate and small pattern prints
3 Ditto dark winter prints
2 Ditto rich printed de laines
2 Ditto furniture dimity
2 Ditto black Orleans cloths and Alpacas
2 Ditto fancy checked Orleans cloths
2 Ditto ditto checked and jacconet muslins
2 Ditto linen huckabacks
2 Ditto dressed hollands
2 Ditto grey ditto
1 Ditto steel and fancy gambroons
1 Ditto shawls and turnovers
1 Ditto black and fancy silk handkerchiefs
2 Ditto bird's-eye corahs
1 Ditto black and fancy silks
2 Ditto black satin stocks and fancy satin opera ties
2 Ditto India-rubber braces and brace ends
2 Ditto white longcloth shirts
1 Ditto worked muslin insertions and scollopings
1 Ditto French cambric handkerchiefs
1 Ditto Scotch cambric ditto, worked corners
4 Cases fancy goods, in ladies' silk neck ties, muslin collars, habit shirts, cuffs, capes, &c., &c.
2 Cases infants' long and short robes, monthly gowns, frock bodies, French and Scotch cambric caps
3 Cases millinery, ladies' blond caps and breids, blond whiskers and quillings, children's trimmed caps and goffered ribbons and quillings
2 Cases brown silk parasols
1 Ditto cotton umbrellas
2 Cases ladies' white and coloured kid habits, white and coloured silk, Lisle thread, and cotton gloves
1 Case gent's white and coloured kid and silk gloves, buck, and doeskin, and town-made thread
1 Case assorted hosiery in women's white and black cotton, children's white and coloured cotton and scarlet worsted socks, Victoria and tartan boots, &c.
2 Cases women's Tuscan and pearl-straw bonnets
2 Ditto boy's Tuscan and Dunstable hats
1 Ditto women's cotille and white jean stays
10 Cartoons artificial flowers
2 Cases Brooks' 200 yards reel cottons, assorted Nos.
2 Ditto Farquharson ditto ditto
2 Ditto 25 to 35 patent drab and brown threads
1 Box 8d., 10d., 12d., black sarcenet ribbons
2 Cases German fringes, curtain bands, &c. &c.

Terms at sale. 4168

SUPERFINE MOROCCO SKINS.
TO COACH BUILDERS, UPHOLSTERERS, BOOKBINDERS, &c.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on
FRIDAY NEXT, MARCH 10,
At 11 o'clock,

Two cases best quality morocco skins, in lots to suit purchasers, and of the following assortment of colours:—
Bronze, French and Pomona green
Drab, crimson, maroon, red
Queen's blue, dark blue, and geranium
Also,
25 Dozen bookbinder's basils

Terms at sale 4289

TO STATIONERS, &c.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on
FRIDAY NEXT, MARCH 10,
At eleven o'clock,

Three cases yellow wove letter paper
Four ditto blue ditto ditto
One ditto foolscap
One ditto demy printing paper
Two cases sealing wax and wafers
Twenty gross hair pencils

Terms at sale. 4268

IN THE INSOLVENT ESTATE OF THOMAS PATTRICK AND SON,
By order of the Official Assignee.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON is instructed to sell by auction, at the Steam Flour Mills, Redfern, on
TUESDAY NEXT, 14TH MARCH,
At 11 o'clock,

One large waggon
One ditto cart
Complete set harness
Three first-rate draught horses
About 3000 flour sacks
Sundry lot flour and grain
Scales and weights, trucks, and various other utensils.

Terms—cash. 4291

IN THE INSOLVENT ESTATE OF WILLIAM MITCHELL,
By order of the Official Assignee.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on
FRIDAY NEXT, 10TH MARCH,
At 11 o'clock,

The Stock-in-trade of the above named insolvent, consisting of,—
Sundry drapery goods
Sole and kip leather
Saddles and harness
Chain traces, buckles, and hobbles
Shoe thread and flax
Powder and percussion caps
Chest tea, tobacco
Dray, dray cover, and tarpaulins, and
Various other sundries.

Terms—cash. 4290

CAPTAIN M. C. O'CONNELL
Having determined upon leaving the colony for Europe, in the month of April next, has given positive instructions to
MR. MORT
to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
ON FRIDAY, THE 10TH MARCH,
At 12 o'clock,
WITHOUT ANY RESERVE WHATEVER,

THE truly beautiful, luxuriant, and well watered Station, situated in New England, forty miles from Armidale (and by the new line of road only eighty miles from the head of navigation at the Clarence), and known as

HERNANI,

fully capable in all seasons of depasturing
4000 HEAD OF CATTLE,
or,
15,000 TO 20,000 SHEEP.

With this valuable Station, which has right of lease for fourteen years, will be sold the following Herd of excellently bred Cattle, consisting, as per last returns, of—
550 Cows
449 Heifers
595 Bullocks and Steers
20 Bulls

1614 head, more or less, the purchaser of which will have "THE RIGHT OF BRAND" to all cattle not mustered within six weeks from day of sale.

THREE IMPORTED BULLS,
and
FIVE PURE BRED DURHAM HEIFERS,

are amongst the stock, and which have cost Captain O'Connell upwards of £500. The remainder of the bulls are very good, and nearly the whole of the stock have, more or less, pure blood in them. At least 150 of the bullocks are now rolling in fat, awaiting slaughter.

CALVES UNDER SIX MONTHS GIVEN IN.

THE STATION

is really a magnificent one, splendidly watered by never-failing running streams, and grassed like an English meadow, the feed being of the most fattening description; indeed the station is notorious as a

FIRST-RATE FATTENING RUN.

☞ This is an opportunity which the auctioneer feels satisfied will not readily offer again, possessing as it does a world of advantages which are not to be met with in any property now in the market, such as its accessible and capital position—the breed of the stock, a matter of great importance—the never-failing feed and abundance of water—and, above all, its great fattening qualities.

THE IMPROVEMENTS

consist of good huts, stockyards, paddock for cultivation, and garden.

Terms at sale. 4303

TO ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS, AND OTHERS.
MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on
FRIDAY, 10TH MARCH,
At eleven o'clock,

ONE Gravatt's Improved Dumpy Level, with silver ring compass, mirror, and tripod staff—Troughton and Sims, makers. Gravatt's improved method of adjustment accompanies the instruments.
A double set of Gravatt's improved levelling staves
A six-feet beam compass, graduated to feet and inches, and chains and links, with tangent, screw, and vernier to one-hundredth part of an inch—Troughton and Sims, makers
A very superior 66-feet standard chain
A pedometer with scale and instructions for casting contents. The Lords of H.M. Treasury rewarded the inventor of this instrument with a donation of one hundred pounds
A quadrant and Norrie's Epitome of Navigation
The London Encyclopædia, 22 vols., half-bound, sundry maps.

Terms—Cash. 4304

WELL-BRED AND USEFUL HORSES, FRESH FROM THE COUNTRY.
MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at the Cattle Market,
ON FRIDAY, 10TH MARCH,
At half-past 2 o'clock,

PERCY, bay colt, 5 years, out of a Gratis mare, by Young Beverley, little white on hind feet, broken to saddle and double harness
HAKIM, dark bay colt, 4 years, by Young Beverley, broken to saddle
HAMLET, bay colt, 5 years, out of a Whisker mare, by Young Beverley, broken to saddle
CAPSICUM, chesnut horse, aged, by Steeltrap, good in saddle, carries a lady, good in single or double harness, and as a tandem leader
SUTLEDJ, bay horse, 7 years, carries a lady, has been driven in single and double harness, and is perfectly quiet
OPPIDAN, bay colt, 3 years, by Speculation out of a Satellite mare
BERKSHIRE, bay colt, 2 years off, by Young Satellite out of a Beverley mare.

Terms—Cash.

☞ The above will positively be sold without any reserve. 4301

PRIME BACON AND HAMS, OX TONGUES, TALLOW.
MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on
ON SATURDAY, 11TH MARCH,
At half-past 11 o'clock,

2 TONS prime BACON and HAMS
1 Cask Ox Tongues
2 Ditto Tallow.

Terms—Cash. 4302

TO TANNERS, WOOL-WASHERS, AND OTHERS.

Four years' lease of the complete Tannery and Wool Washing Establishment, lately occupied by Mr. Weiss, situate beyond the Surry Hills, opposite Baptist's Garden, together with all the stock-in-trade, tools, &c., required in either the tanning or wool-washing business.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEES,
AND WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST RESERVE.
MR. MORT

HAS instructions to sell by public auction,
ON THE PREMISES,
(situate at the extremity of Bourke-street, opposite Baptist's well-known gardens,)
TO-MORROW, 9TH MARCH,
At 11 o'clock,
Lot 1.

The unexpired lease (having four years to run from 1st January last,) of the Tannery, Wool Washing, and Fellmongering Establishment, lately carried on by Mr. Weiss, the rental of which is only £12 per annum.

The extensive buildings which are on the land leased, comprise—
Large shed and weather-board work-house, built on sleepers
Weather-board cottage of four rooms
Various other out-buildings
Tan pits, &c., &c.

ALL OF WHICH ARE REMOVABLE PRIOR TO THE END OF THE TERM, AND WILL BE THE PROPERTY OF THE PURCHASER OF THE LEASE.

☞ There is abundance of most excellent water,—indeed there is a sufficient supply in any seasons for all purposes connected with the tanning and wool-washing business on an extensive scale.

After which,
IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS,

Wool sheets, wool baskets, fellmongering beams, tubs, casks, lamp black, tallow, wheelbarrows, pumps, &c., &c.

(No reserve.—Terms at sale.

N.B. This is a first-rate opportunity for any one entering upon the above business. 4305

SPLENDID
SHEEP ESTABLISHMENT
OF
TULCUMBAH,
ON THE LIVERPOOL PLAINS;
WITH
TEN THOUSAND SHEEP.
MR. MORT

Has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, Sydney.
ON WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH APRIL,
At twelve o'clock,

10,000 SHEEP; together with one of the best and most extensively improved Squatting Stations in the colony.

THE SHEEP

Are in every respect a superior and complete flock, throwing a good and profitable fleece, and are

WARRANTED PERFECTLY SOUND.

The following is an abstract of a late Return:—
4,881 Breeding Ewes
519 Maiden ditto
313 Rams
1,556 Wethers
1,610 Male Lambs
1,601 Female ditto.

10,480

THE STATION

Is the celebrated Squattage of
"TULCUMBAH,"

Well known in the northern districts as one of the finest in Australia. No expense has been spared by the proprietor to render it in every way

A COMPLETE SHEEP ESTABLISHMENT;

And the Auctioneer is warranted in asserting that no homestead in the district can compete with it, excepting that of the

AUSTRALIAN AGRICULTURAL COMPANY.

In short the improvements cost more than £1000, and could not at this moment be constructed for less money.

It is well watered by the Rivers PEEL and NAMOI. The country is very open, in many portions of it

THREE THOUSAND CAN BE RUN IN A FLOCK.

And it is distant only thirty miles from TAMWORTH.

Mr. MORT, with great confidence, calls the attention of Flockmasters and other Capitalists to this sale, feeling assured that such properties are rarely brought into the market, and still more rarely

FOR POSITIVE UNRESERVED SALE,

which is the case in the present instance.

As ample time is afforded to intending purchasers to inspect both Station and Sheep prior to the day of sale, Mr. Mort urgently requests them to do so, feeling well assured of the satisfactory result of such inspection.

Terms at sale. 4300

BOOTS AND SHOES.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON

HAS received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms,
ON THURSDAY NEXT, THE 9TH MARCH,
At eleven o'clock precisely.

Seventeen trunks of BOOTS and SHOES, consisting of,—
Ladies' lasting pumps
Ditto patent Spanish
Ditto ditto seal
Ditto Cordovan
Ditto boots, patent fronts
Ditto Cordovan ditto
Children's shoes in great variety

The above goods are just landed in beautiful condition, and will be sold to the highest bidder.

Terms at sale. 4278

AT THE STORES OF
MR. JOSEPH S. WILLIS,
CHURCH-HILL.
ON FRIDAY NEXT, THE 10TH MARCH,
At eleven o'clock precisely,
BY MR. CHARLES NEWTON,

THE undermentioned Wines, Spirits, Groceries, &c.:—
6 Hogsheads superior port
12 Ditto pale sherry
30 Ditto gold ditto
31 Ditto Spanish red wine
8 Quarter-casks ditto ditto
1 Hogshead Malaga sherry
1 Quarter-cask tent
34 Cases port wine, 3 dozen each, London bottled
9 Ditto ditto, 4 ditto, pints, ditto
20 Cases, 1 dozen each, Chateau Latour claret
47 Ditto, 1 ditto, St. Julien claret
19 Ditto, 3 ditto, champagne
42 Ditto, 1 ditto, ditto
10 Ditto, 3 ditto, Lowndes' Altona Old Tom
45 Ditto, 1 ditto, Clouzeau pale brandy
5 Hogsheads pale ale
10 Ditto Martell's brandy
15 Ditto B.P. rum, 8 to 10 O.P.
50 M. No. 4 Manila cigars
3 Cases Windsor soap
3 Ditto old brown ditto
2 Ditto shaving ditto
1 Ditto Paul's prepared groats
1 Ditto ditto barley
1 Ditto Tabor's seidlitz powders
2 Ditto brewer's isinglass
1 Ditto flakey manna
1 Ditto purse isinglass
5 Tons washing soda
10 Cases curry powder
50 Cases pint pickles
25 Ditto quart ditto
60 Ditto half-pounds mustards
25 Ditto one ditto ditto
30 Ditto salad oil
35 Ditto bottled fruits
75 Chests hysonskin tea
29 Tons superior grocers' sugar
5 Ditto fine white ditto, in boxes
17 Ditto superior sun dried sugar

TERMS—

Under £50, cash; above £50, bills at three months, subject to the approval of Mr. Willis. 4181

WELLINGTON BOOTS.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON

HAS received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, on
THURSDAY NEXT, THE 9TH MARCH,
At 11 o'clock,

One case very superior Wellington Boots.

Terms at sale. 4280

HOMAN, HERNE, AND CO.'S BOOTS AND SHOES.
ON THURSDAY NEXT, MARCH 9,
At 11 o'clock,
MR. CHARLES NEWTON

HAS received instructions from MESSRS. RAMSAY AND CO.

To sell by public auction, without reserve, Ten cases boots and shoes, from the above celebrated makers, consisting of a general assortment of women's and children's boots and shoes.

Terms at sale. 4279

HORSES.

MR. ARMSTRONG, Veterinary Surgeon, will TO-MORROW sell by auction, at his Repository, at twelve o'clock.

THE UNDER DESCRIBED HORSE STOCK:

"GRIMALDI," an imported thoroughbred stallion, by Bollivar, out of a pure Arab mare. Grimaldi is a sure foal getter, and his stock are exceeding handsome. He is parted with in consequence of the proprietor having bred from him for five years

"YOUNG GOHANNA," by Gohanna, out of a pure Camerton mare, four years old, very powerful and beautiful; is a most excellent hackney—a rich dark grey

"ST. THOMAS," by Egremont, out of Zarepha; Zarepha by St. John; four years old; black—a good saddle horse

A GREY FILLY, nearly thoroughbred, very docile, and has been accustomed to carry a lady

"GREY TOM," a first-rate hackney, good in single and double harness; quite sound, and free from vice

"GREY LARRA," a filly, three years old, broken to saddle and harness. Grey Tom and Grey Larra form an excellent match, and have been driven together

A WELCH PONY } Good in saddle
A STRONG USEFUL COB }

A ROAN PONY, four years old, free from vice; a perfect hack, very swift and hardy

THREE MARES, with foals at foot by Rhoderick Dhu, and again in foal by that horse. 4296

FOR SALE,
A COMPLETE WOOL-WASHING AND FELLMONGERY ESTABLISHMENT.
Capable of carrying on a business to any extent.

MR. STUBBS is instructed by the proprietor to sell by public auction,
THIS DAY, THE 8TH MARCH,

On the premises, Surry Hills, adjoining the well-known property of Mr. William Pawley, at twelve o'clock precisely,

A complete WOOL-WASHING ESTABLISHMENT, with two Weather-boarded Cottages and a Wool Shed 50 feet by 20, with Two Floors—Sweating Rooms, and every facility besides for carrying on an extensive Fellmongering business,

THERE BEING A NEVER-FAILING STREAM OF WATER RUNNING THROUGH THE GROUND.

The absolute sale of this property on Wednesday next offers a very good opportunity either as an investment, or to parties acquainted with the business, as Woolwashing and Fellmongery has been carried on at this Establishment with considerable success for the last seven years.

It is occupied by a respectable tenant, who would no doubt continue to rent it from the purchaser.

TERMS:—25 per cent. cash deposit on the fall of the hammer, and the residue on the execution of the conveyance.

Title—A Grant from the Crown. 4125

GREAT SALE OF BUILDING GROUND,
ON THE CITY ROAD, NEWTOWN,

Adjoining Morvale House, and in the vicinity of Linthorpe, the beautiful seat of R. M. Robey, Esq.; and Enmore, the property of the Right Worshipful the Mayor.

TERMS:

Liberal, and of twenty per cent. cash deposit, and the residue by the working-men's bills, at three, six, nine, and twelve months, without interest.

MR. STUBBS exercises the pleasing duty of announcing to the working and other classes of the community, that he will sell by public auction,
ON MONDAY NEXT, 13TH MARCH,
AT THE MART, KING-STREET,
At 12 o'clock precisely,

29 Building Allotments, fronting the city on Newtown Road, centrally situated, and resting in the midst of a large, populous, and greatly improving part of Newtown,

Also,

80 Allotments, adjoining Morvale House, the property of Mr. Donahoe.

The mechanics and industrious classes are again reminded of the advantage of buying freehold property, whilst it is to be had cheap.

They have only to look at the thousands of their fellow-men well off solely from having pursued these means, and who have conduced to swell out the population of Sydney and its environs to the extraordinary bulk of

50,000 SOULS.

☞ Houses of a moderate description are required daily in this part of the town.

Title—Grant from the Crown. 1244

THURSDAY, 9TH MARCH.
TO PUBLICANS, COUNTRY STORE-KEEPERS, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart, on
THURSDAY, 9TH MARCH,
At 11 o'clock,
TO CLOSE AN ACCOUNT,
Without Reserve,

21 Casks English bottled ale
23 Casks English bottled porter.

Terms at sale. 4185

FRIDAY, 10TH INSTANT.
CHRONOMETERS, SEXTANT, QUADRANT, &c.
TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION,
BY MR. SAMUEL LYONS,
At his Mart, on
FRIDAY, 10TH INSTANT,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTORS OF THE LATE CAPTAIN JONES.

2 FIRST-RATE two-day Chronometers, by Morris Tobias, and Letherland, Davies, and Co.
One silver lever watch
A barometer
Sextant and quadrant
One hanging compass
Two double barrel guns, and two pair pistols
Lot of charts and books
Horsburgh's Directory
Wearing apparel, chests, beds, &c., &c.

Terms at sale. 4182

FRIDAY, 10TH MARCH.
WHALING GEAR, &c., &c.
EX ALERT.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at Bott's Wharf, Darling Harbour, on
FRIDAY, 10TH MARCH,
At 12 o'clock,

The following Whaling Gear, &c., &c., ex * Alert:—

3 Try pots	3 Guns and carriages
84 Harpoons	2 Knives
47 Lances	7 Spoke sheaves
27 Spades	2 Fluke hooks.
3 Iron tanks	

Terms at sale. 4269

THURSDAY, MARCH 9.
TO GROCERS, DRUGGISTS, DEALERS, WATERMEN, AND OTHERS.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart,
ON THURSDAY, 9TH MARCH,
At 11 o'clock,

About two tons arrowroot, superior quality, in cases
Ditto two tons rice
Ditto five tons seconds flour
Ditto two tons fine flour
Ten bags ship biscuit
Fourteen bags cabin biscuit
Ten pair watermen's sculls.

Terms at sale. 4261

THURSDAY, 9TH MARCH.
DAMAGED TEAS.
EX CASPAR.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell, at his Mart,
ON THURSDAY, 9TH MARCH,
At 11 o'clock,

On account of whom it may concern,

A quantity of Damaged Teas, particulars of which will be given in future advertisements. 4119

FRIDAY, 10TH MARCH.
GOLD WATCH, AND CARRIAGE AND SET OF DOUBLE HARNESS.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart, on
FRIDAY, 10TH MARCH,
At 11 o'clock,

By order of the Official Assignee of the Insolvent Estate of Charles Chapman.

A Gold Watch.
After which,
A Carriage and double set of Harness.

Terms at sale. 4280

MONDAY, 13TH MARCH,
EXTENSIVE SALE OF
BLOOD STOCK,
Consisting of—
IMPORTED HORSES, MARES, FILLIES, AND COLTS, THOROUGH-BRED DURHAM CATTLE AND IMPORTED BULLS, SUFFOLK BRED CART MARES AND COLTS, WORKING HORSE TEAMS, WORKING BULLOCKS, DRAYS, &c.
BY MR. SAMUEL LYONS,
At Public Auction,
At "WALLGROVE," Western Road, the Estate of Charles Roberts, Esq.,
On MONDAY, 13TH MARCH,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
WITHOUT ANY RESERVE.

MR. LYONS has been favoured by the above gentleman with instructions to dispose of the whole of his

VALUABLE BLOOD STOCK,

which are the pick of his stud, and the result of many years' unremitting attention. They have been most carefully bred from animals selected, regardless of expense or trouble, among which are some of the most celebrated of the day for either

BLOOD, BONE, OR BEAUTY.

The BLOOD STOCK consists of about
100 HEAD
of Horses, Mares, Colts, and Fillies.
The IMPORTED HORSES
"EGREMONT"
and
"GIGLER,"

the latter was imported by H. H. Kater, Esq.; and the Two Horses,

"SULTANA" and "VANITY,"

which are entered for the next St. Leger and Trial Stakes at Homebush May meeting, will be sold with their engagements.

BESIDES THE ABOVE
there are from 40 to 50
SUFFOLK-BRED CART MARES AND COLTS
4 WORKING HORSE TEAMS
6 WORKING BULLOCK TEAMS, with DRAYS, POLES, YOKES, CHAINS, and TARPAULINS, to each.
Also
from about 200 head of
THOROUGH BRED DURHAM CATTLE,
and several
IMPORTED BULLS.

A quantity of Farming Implements, consisting of Ploughs, Harrows, Chaff-cutting Machine, &c.

*** Any purchaser of horses or cattle may allow them to remain at "Wallgrove" for one month after the sale, free of expense.

Terms at sale.

Catalogues are in preparation, and will be ready for delivery, at Mr. Lyons's Rooms, about a week before the sale.

A LUNCH WILL BE PROVIDED.
3260

MONDAY, 20TH MARCH.
VALUABLE BUILDING ALLOTMENTS
ON THE NEW PARRAMATTA ROAD,
BEING PART OF
THE CELEBRATED CAMPERDOWN ESTATE.
MR. SAMUEL LYONS
Will sell by auction, at his Mart,
ON MONDAY, 20TH MARCH,
At 12 o'clock,

168 BUILDING ALLOTMENTS, as per plan on view at the Mart, viz.:—

NEW PARRAMATTA ROAD.
SEVEN ALLOTMENTS,
Each 26 feet frontage, by a depth of 75 feet to 87 feet.

DOWLING-STREET.
FIFTEEN ALLOTMENTS,
Each 26 feet frontage, by a depth of 80 feet.

BURTON-STREET.
THIRTY-TWO ALLOTMENTS,
Each 26 feet frontage, by 80 feet depth.

STEPHENS-STREET.
FORTY ALLOTMENTS,
Each 26 feet frontage, by 80 feet depth.

ELIZABETH-STREET.
FORTY-SIX ALLOTMENTS,
Each 26 feet frontage, by 80 feet depth.

CAMPERDOWN ROAD.
SEVEN ALLOTMENTS,
Each 26 feet 8 inches frontage, by 80 feet depth.

MISSENDEN ROAD.
TWENTY-ONE ALLOTMENTS,
Each 26 feet 8 inches frontage, by depths varying from 62 feet to 102 feet,

Also,

The following original allotments of
THE CAMPERDOWN ESTATE,
As per plan exhibited at sale, on the 21st April, 1841.

LOT 43.
With extensive frontage to
GROSE FARM CREEK,
Containing 6 acres, 0 roods, 25 perches.

LOT 45,
With frontage of three chains to the
NEW PARRAMATTA ROAD,
Containing 2 acres, 1 rood, 24 perches.

LOT 46,
With frontage of three chains to the
NEW PARRAMATTA ROAD,
Containing 2 acres, 1 rood, 24 perches.

TERMS OF PAYMENT:

Fifteen per cent. deposit on the fall of the hammer, and the residue by bills at six and twelve months' date from day of sale, bearing six per cent. interest per annum.

Intending purchasers are particularly invited to inspect the property, when the astonishing improvements going on in the vicinity will convince them of its sterling value; being principally on the

MAIN PARRAMATTA ROAD.

and possessing a direct communication with the

NEWTOWN ROAD.

is one of its great advantages, whilst the direct vicinity of the city will always ensure a remunerating return for any outlay. 3636

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